INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

APRIL 30, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Village Mayor and Board of Trustees Village of Coal City, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Coal City, Illinois, (the Village) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2013, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Coal City, Illinois, as of April 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The Village adopted GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, during the year ended April 30, 2013. Statement No. 63 added new classifications on the statements of net position and changed net assets to net position. Statement No. 65 changed the classifications of certain items on the statement of net position to the new classifications contained in GASB Statement No. 63. The adoption of these statements had no effect on any of the Village's net positions or fund balances as of and for the year ended April 30, 2013.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the

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underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Buan Zabel & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Morris, Illinois August 19, 2013

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Village of Coal City Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2013

This section of the Village of Coal City's (the "Village") Financial Report (AFR) presents Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Village's financial activities during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2013. It is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, (3) identify any material deviation from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify fund issues or concerns. This narrative is offered as a means to allow the reader a better understanding of the accompanying financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village of Coal City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$54,523,619 (net position). Net position increased by \$643,767 during fiscal year 2013.
- The Village's total assets decreased by \$155,681 during the fiscal year ending April 30, 2013. Governmental net position increased \$353,649. The decrease in assets is due to the increase of accumulated depreciation.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village of Coal City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,468,136, a decrease of \$556,400 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 35% of this total amount, \$1,225,617, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unrestricted, unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,225,617 or 50% of General Fund expenditures.

Financial Statement Structure

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Coal City basic financial statements. The Village of Coal City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

(1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The very end of the report also contains required supplementary information regarding the bonds issued by the village.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statement, found on pages 4 and 5, are designed to provide readers a broad perspective of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. This is done by consolidating all of the Village's financial activity into one set of financial statements.

(See independent auditor's report) MD&A - 1

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The statement of net position (page 4) presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the Village and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Over time, increases or decreases in net position might serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village of Coal city is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities (page 5) presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave) and is focus on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the Village's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various government services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

The Governmental Activities reflect the Village's basic services, including police, public works, highways and streets, culture and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, shared state sales taxes, local telecommunications taxes, and shared state income taxes finance the majority of these activities. The Business-Type Activities reflect private sector-type operations (Water Fund), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 6 and run through page 15. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Coal City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is now on major funds, rather than fund types. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same function reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

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Because the focus of governmental fund is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village maintains 7 individual governmental funds; 3 major funds and 8 nonmajor funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Government Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Improvements Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation referred to as Nonmajor Funds. Individual find data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual budget for its general fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statement can be found beginning on page 6 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Village of Coal city maintains two proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented in Business-type Activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The Village has two major enterprise funds, the Water and Sewer Fund and the Garbage Fund.

Proprietary fund Financial Statements (pages 11-13) provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary find financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund and the Garbage Fund which are considered major funds of the Village and are presented in separate columns in the Fund Financial Statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resource of those funds are not available to support the Village of Coal City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

Notes of the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide information essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide Fund financial Statements. These notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the Basic Financial Statements section of the report beginning on page 16.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* including the general fund budgetary schedules and data concerning the Village's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 36.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Coal City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$54,523,619 as of April 30, 2013.

By far the largest portion of the Village of Coal City's net position (90%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village of Coal City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village of Coal City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Village of Coal City's Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total Primary Governmental		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Assets				29703			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 5,186,898	\$ 5,679,771	\$ 2,222,593	\$ 2,242,350	\$ 7,409,491	\$ 7,922,121	
Capital Assets	54,186,983	57,889,001	4,058,967		58,245,950	57,889,001	
Total Assets	59,373,881	63,568,772	6,281,560	2,242,350	65,655,441	65,811,122	
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities	758,559	714,737	347,077	337,444	1,105,636	1,052,181	
Non-Current Liabilities	4,925,000	5,446,979	3,402,015	3,776,375	8,327,015	9,223,354	
Total Liabilities	5,683,559	6,161,716	3,749,092	4,113,819	9,432,651	10,275,535	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	S						
Unearned Property Taxes	1,699,171	1,655,735			1,699,171	1,655,735	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,699,171	1,655,735			1,699,171	1,655,735	
or resources	1,057,171			/			
Total Liabilities and Defe	erred						
Inflows of Resources	7,382,730	7,817,451	3,749,092	4,113,819	11,131,822	11,931,270	
Net Position Invested in Capital Assets,							
net of related debt	48,916,983	51,726,785	364,726	:-	49,281,709	51,726,785	
Restricted	1,398,711	1,255,550	12	-	1,398,711	1,255,550	
Unrestricted	1,675,457	2,768,986	2,167,742	(1,871,469)	3,843,199	897,517	
Total Net Position	\$51,991,151	\$ 55,751,321	\$ 2,532,468	\$ (1,871,469)	\$ 54,523,619	\$ 53,879,852	

For more detailed information see the Statement of Net Position on page 4.

(See independent auditor's report) MD&A - 4

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village of Coal City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its governmental activities and business-type activities.

The Village's total net position increased by \$643,767 during the fiscal year. Governmental net position increased \$353,649. Business-type net position increased \$290,118.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Village of Coal City's net position by \$353,649. Business-type activities increased the Village's net position by \$290,118. Key elements of this net increase of \$643,767 are as follows:

Village of Coal City's Changes in Net Position

	Government	al Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Т	otal Primary	Gov	3 Sovernmental	
	2013	2012		2013		2012		2013	_	2012	
Revenues											
Program Revenues											
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$	\$	1,990,754	\$	1,962,906	\$	1,990,754	\$	1,962,906	
Operating Grants and Contrib	750,845					-		750,845		-	
Capital Grants and Contrib						•		=		-	
General Revenues											
Taxes	2,861,745	2,659,125				•		2,861,745		2,659,125	
MFT	159,599	159,218) *		159,599		159,218	
Utility Tax	449,236	441,521		5.5		3.90		449,236		441,521	
Interest	6,419	8,404		6,668		3,465		13,087		11,869	
Miscellaneous	459,322	450,075	_	13,949	_	11,467	_	473,271		461,542	
Total Revenues	4,687,166	3,718,343	_	2,011,371	_	1,977,838		6,698,537	-	5,696,181	
Expenses											
General Government	799,723	1,205,956		1.00		3.00		799,723		1,205,956	
Public Safety	1,258,382	1,317,490		S + 5		(*)		1,258,382		1,317,490	
Streets and alley	674,504	890,744		1961		090		674,504		890,744	
Capital Improvements	1,361,387	7 🚉		846		30=3		1,361,387		馬	
Parks	100,577	82,076		~		9.46		100,577		82,076	
Sanitation		¥		420,317		406,587		420,317		406,587	
Water and sewer		1.6		1,201,240		1,123,612		1,201,240		1,123,612	
Debt Service	238,640	559,845			_	4.	_	238,640		559,845	
Total Expenses	4,433,213	4,056,111	_	1,621,557		1,530,199		6,054,770	_	5,586,310	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	99,696	138,604	_	(99,696)		(112,508)	_	<u>.</u>	_	26,096	
Change in Net Position	353,649	(199,164)		290,118		335,131		643,767		135,967	
Net Position: May 1	51,637,502	51,836,666		2,242,350		1,907,219	_	53,879,852	_	53,743,885	
Net Position: April 30	\$ 51,991,151	\$ 51,637,502	\$	2,532,468	\$	2,242,350	_\$_	54,523,619	\$	53,879,852	

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2013, revenues from Governmental Activities totaled \$4,687,166. During the fiscal year, property tax continues to be the Village's largest revenue source coming in at \$1,639,265 in Fiscal Year 2013. The Village experienced a very slight decrease in its equalized assessed valuation (EAV) from \$112,860,343 for the 2011 property tax year to \$112,854,391 for the 2012 property tax year, a decrease of \$5,952.

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For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2013, expenses from Governmental Activities totaled \$4,433,213 or an increase from April 30, 2012 of \$377,102 (9.3%).

Fund Financial Statement Analysis

As noted earlier, the Village of Coal City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Village of Coal City has eleven governmental funds displayed on the balance sheet, found on page 6.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Village of Coal City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village of Coal City's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Governmental funds use a cash basis of accounting designed to measure current financial resources. Consequently, the reader will notice the balance sheet does not show fixed assets or long-term liabilities. The related income statements (combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance) are found on page 8.

The General Fund (first column) is used to account for most of the Village's general operating activity. This includes activity for the Administration Department, Police Department, Streets and Alleys Department, and the Emergency and Safety Department. Including the effect of operating transfers and capital bond proceeds, the General Fund's revenue exceeded expenditures by \$145,921. The General Fund's financial position resulted in a fund balance from \$1,079,696 on April 30, 2012 to \$1,225,617 on April 30, 2013. Revenues were up by 8.5% (\$2,807,130 versus \$2,588,269), and actual expenditures decreased by 3.6% (\$2,439,327 this fiscal year versus \$2,529,247 last fiscal year).

Providing some detail with respect to revenues and expenses, income tax revenue increased to \$588,820 which was the main reason revenues were up from the prior fiscal year. Total expenditures in every General Fund department were below the budgeted amount, as they were last fiscal year.

Information relating to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds is on pages 42 through 49. Nonmajor fund balance decreased from last year by \$102,091.

Proprietary Funds

The Village of Coal City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The financial statements for the proprietary funds begin on page 11. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting designed to measure total economic resources. The increase in total net position for the Proprietary Funds is \$290,118.

Fiduciary Funds

The School Site Fund and Police Pension Fund are fiduciary funds of the Village. The financial statements for the fiduciary fund are on pages 14 and 15.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Significant differences between the final budget and the actual revenues and expenditures are summarized as follows:

- The difference between the estimated revenues and the actual revenues was \$189,177 (favorable).
- The difference between the estimated expenditures and the actual expenditures was 435,074 (favorable).

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt

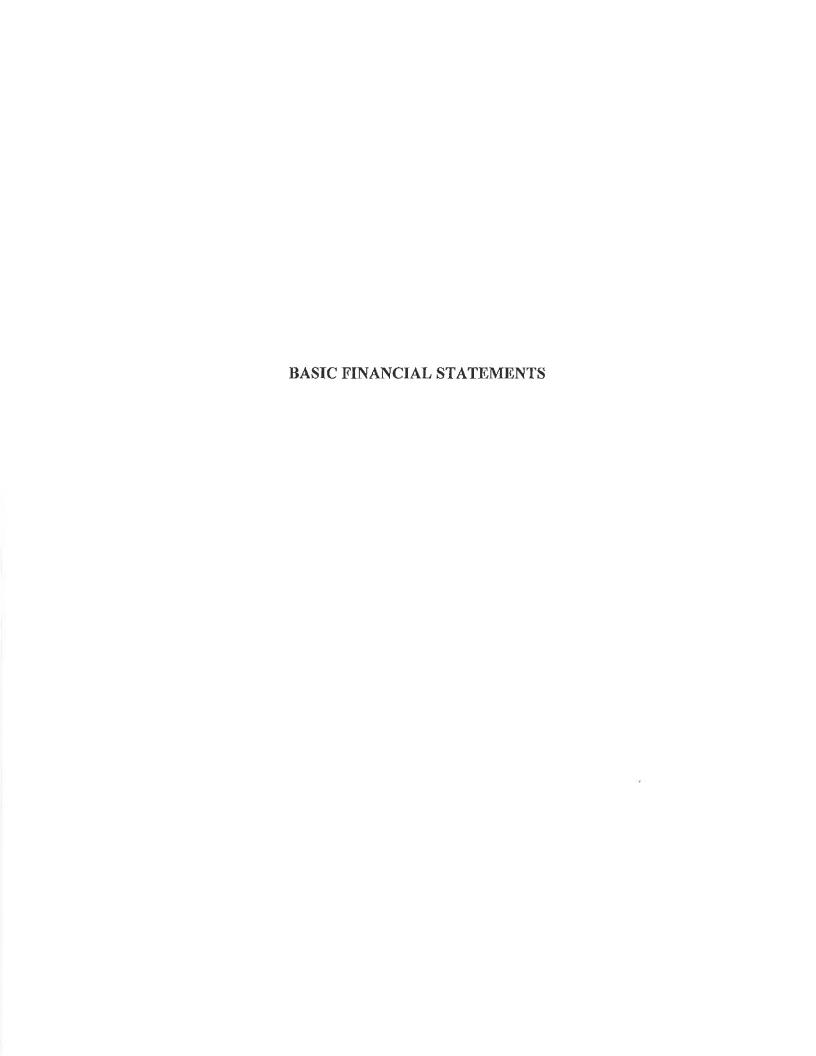
Governmental Capital Asset activity information is presented on pages 24 and 25. Net capital assets increased by \$357,449 due to the addition infrastructure added in the current year.

The Village of Coal City has long-term debt liabilities of \$9,019,092. Long-term debt decreased \$871,706 from the prior year due to principal payments. For details on the long-term debts of the Village of Coal City, see pages 26 and 27.

Responsibility

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34 mandates that all local government's financial statement include a Management's Discussion and Analysis section. The goal is to give readers an objective, readable overview of the government's financial statements. The Village of Coal City is responsible for preparing this section. Consequently, any question regarding this narrative specifically, or the Village's audit report generally, may be addressed to the Village of Coal City, 515 S. Broadway, Coal City, IL, 60416.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2013

		overnmental Activities		Proprietary Fund Type	_	То	tal	
		General	1	Enterprise	_	2013		2012
ASSETS	ets.	2 461 407	ø	0.117.044	e.	5 569 521	\$	6,058,263
Cash in bank and investments	\$	3,451,487	\$	2,117,044	\$	5,568,531	Φ	10,847
Motor fuel tax receivable		1,699,171		-		1,699,171		1,644,888
Property taxes receivable Other receivables		36,240		105,549		141,789		208,623
Noncurrent assets		50,240		105,517		111,705		
Capital assets								
Infrastructure		56,617,261		4,113,818		60,731,079		59,533,431
Building, improvements, and land		3,220,534		-		3,220,534		3,085,988
Equipment and vehicles		2,718,291		_		2,718,291		2,643,743
Accumulated depreciation		(8,369,103)		(54,851)		(8,423,954)		(7,374,661)
•	_		Φ.		6		-	65 011 100
Total Assets		59,373,881	\$	6,281,560	<u></u>	65,655,441	<u> </u>	65,811,122
LIABILITIES								
Other payables		19,591		(-);		19,591		501.505
Compensated absences		392,548		•		392,548		384,737
Net pension obligation		1,420		*:		1,420		(A)
Current portion of long-term debt		345,000		347,077		692,077		667,444
Notes payable		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				176,979
Long-term bonds payable	-	4,925,000	_	3,402,015	_	8,327,015		9,046,375
Total Liabilities		5,683,559		3,749,092	_	9,432,651	_	10,275,535
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unearned property taxes		1,699,171		*)	-	1,699,171		1,655,735
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,699,171		<u></u>	_	1,699,171	_	1,655,735
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources		7,382,730		3,749,092	_	11,131,822	_	11,931,270
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		48,916,983		364,726		49,281,709		51,726,785
Restricted		10,510,500		001,140		,,		, ,
General government		26,730		-		26,730		*
Parks		19,723		-		19,723		-
TIF projects		29,213		-		29,213		
Highways and streets		46,138		22 11		46,138		•
Debt service		1,276,907		. ₹0		1,276,907		2,768,986
Unrestricted		1,675,457	_	2,167,742	_	3,843,199		(615,919)
Total Net Position		51,991,151		2,532,468		54,523,619		53,879,852
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURNCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	59,373,881	\$	6,281,560	\$	65,655,441	\$	65,811,122

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

April 30, 2013

						Net (Expense) I	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position	ige in	Net Position
			Progra	Program Revenues	0.00		Primary Government	ent	
			Ö	Operating	Capital Grants				
		Charges for	E	Grants and	and	Governmental	Business-Type		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Con	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities		Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$ 799,723	69	∽	5,545	€	\$ (794,178)	69	69	(794,178)
Public safety	1,258,382	*		1,000	1	(1,257,382)		140	(1,257,382)
Street and alley	674,504	34		()	()	(674,504)	ŭ	110	(674,504)
Capital improvements	1,361,387	•		744,300		(617,087)	**		(617,087)
Parks	100,577			*		(100,577)	i,		(100,577)
Interest expense	238,640	•				(238,640)	1		(238,640)
Total governmental activities	4,433,213	Ĭ.		750,845		(3,682,368)			(3,682,368)
Business-Type Activities									
Garbage	420,317	418,805					(1,512)	<u> </u>	(1,512)
Water and sewer	1.201,240	1,571,949			*	•	370,709	-	370,709
Total business-type activities	1,621,557	1,990,754		1			369,197		369,197
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 6,054,770	\$ 1,990,754	69	750,845	65	(3,682,368)	369,197	-	(3,313,171)
		General Revenues	SS						
		Taxes				2,861,745		ŭ.	2,861,745
		MFT				159,599	34	÷	159,599
		Utility tax				449,236	1.0.1		449,236
						017			0000

51,637,502	\$ 51,991,151	
NET POSITION, MAY 1	NET POSITION, APRIL 30	

2,861,745 159,599 449,236 13,087 473,271

159,599 6,419 459,322

6,668

643,767

290,118 2,242,350 2,532,468

3,956,938

20,617

3,936,321

(969,66)

969,66 353,649

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

Total general revenues

Interest Miscellaneous

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

53,879,852

\$ 54,523,619

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

April 30, 2013

Cash and investments Receivables Accounts Property taxes Due from nonmajor funds Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Other payables Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements Unassigned 1,225,61	556,871	843,808	\$ 128,884	
Receivables Accounts Accounts Property taxes B55,45 Due from nonmajor funds Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Other payables Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements	556,871	843,808	\$ 128,884	
Accounts Property taxes Property taxes Due from nonmajor funds Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Other payables Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements	556,871	NEC.		\$ 3,451,487
Property taxes Due from nonmajor funds Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Other payables Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements	556,871	121		26240
Total Assets Total Assets \$2,100,66 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Other payables Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 855,45 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements			006.044	36,240
Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Other payables Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 855,45 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements		(5)	286,844	1,699,171 7,080
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Other payables Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources **Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources **Tota	\$ 1,833,778		***************************************	
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Other payables Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources **Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources **Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources **TOTAL LIABILITIES **TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$ 843,808	\$ 415,728	\$ 5,193,978
Other payables Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements				
Due to general fund Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 855,45 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 875,04 FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements				10.501
Total Liabilities 19,59 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes 855,45 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 855,45 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 875,04 FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements		9,₩0	7.000	19,591
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes 855,45 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 855,45 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 875,04 FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements			7,080	7,080
RESOURCES Unavailable property taxes 855,45 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 855,45 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 875,04 FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements			7,080	26,671
Unavailable property taxes 855,45 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 855,45 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 875,04 FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements				
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 875,04 FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements	556,871		286,844	1,699,171
Inflows of Resources 875,04 FUND BALANCES Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements	556,871		286,844	1,699,171
Restricted General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements	556,871		293,924	1,725,842
General government Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements				
Parks TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements		121	26,730	26,730
TIF projects Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements			19,723	19,723
Highways and streets Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements			29,213	29,213
Debt service Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements			46,138	46,138
Unrestricted Assigned Capital improvements	- 1,276,907	¥		1,276,907
Assigned Capital improvements	- 3 3 - 4 - 1			-
Capital improvements				-
		843,808	*	843,808
		-	·	1,225,617
Total Fund Balances	1	0.10.000	121,804	3,468,136
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES \$ 2,100,66		843,808		

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RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	3,468,136
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		54,186,983
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		(5,270,000)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds		(392,548)
The net pension obligation of the Police Pension Fund is included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position	-	(1,420)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	51,991,151

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	General	Debt Service	Capital Improvements	Nonmajor Funds	Total
REVENUES		A	•	6 270 000	e 1.620.265
Property Taxes	\$ 804,518	\$ 555,939	\$	\$ 278,808	\$ 1,639,265 524,281
Municipal sales tax	524,281	-	Y A ()	#	449,236
Utility and excise tax	449,236	•	1997) 	160 600	159,599
Motor fuel tax	700 000		(*)	159,599	588,820
Illinois income tax	588,820	:=0	:#/S		88,993
Use tax	88,993		J # 0/i	2.116	20,386
Illinois replacement income tax	18,270	-	-	2,116	1,000
Police grant	1,000	•	:=1.		7,800
Liquor licenses	7,800	-	•		1,245
Other licenses	1,245	3.00	:#8	•	18,100
Contractor licenses	18,100	•	100	· ··	
Building permits	19,781	324	(**)		19,781
Cable TV franchise fees	52,377		-	=	52,377
Telephone franchise fees	(#.)	-	30	ž.	4,712
Video gaming fees	4,712	· .	語以	*	4,712
Dispatcher services - Coal City Fire Protection District					-
Coal City School District					
& miscellaneous reimbursements	90,034	350		<u> </u>	90,034
State grants	5,545	*	744,300	塘	749,845
Fines	38,267	•	-	-	38,267
Interest on deposits	1,394	1,652	3,120	253	6,419
Zoning	14,850	(€)	*	=	14,850
Workman's comp reimbursement	22,393	-	32	3	22,393
Other revenues	55,514	573	110,283	23,393	189,763
Total Revenues	2,807,130	558,164	857,703	464,169	4,687,166
EXPENDITURES					
Current				160 100	1 204 212
General government	568,894	175,190	100	460,129	1,204,213
Public safety	1,256,962	•		-	1,256,962
Street and alley	613,471	-	238,012	-	851,483
Capital improvements	(₩(1,183,947		100 588	1,183,947
Parks	(*)			100,577	100,577
Debt Service					206.040
Principal retirement	•	330,000	176,940		506,940
Interest and fiscal charges		234,245	4,895		239,140
Total Expenditures	2,439,327	1,923,382	419,847	560,706	5,343,262
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES			,	10 0 000	((50,000)
OVER EXPENDITURES	367,803	(1,365,218)	437,856	(96,537)	(656,096)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	General	Debt Service	Capital Improvements	Nonmajor Funds	Total
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loan proceeds Operating transfer (to) from	(221,882)	7,829	319,303	(5,554)	99,696
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(221,882)	7,829	319,303	(5,554)	99,696
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	145,921	(1,357,389)	757,159	(102,091)	(556,400)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1	1,079,696	2,634,296	86,649	223,895	4,024,536
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$ 1,225,617	\$ 1,276,907	\$ 843,808	\$ 121,804	\$ 3,468,136

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RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	-	vernmental Activities
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	(556,400)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities		1,406,742
The repayment of the principal portion long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities		506,979
The change in accrued interest payable on long-term debt is reported as an expense on the statement of activities		"
The change in net pension obligation is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds		(1,420)
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g., depreciation) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		(994,441)
Compensated absences was treated as available resources in the governmental funds. However, they are reported as notes payable in the statement of activities.		(7,811)
Governmental funds report bond issuance costs as expenditures. However, they are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the bonds in the statement of activities		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	353,649

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

	Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	Garbage Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$ (164,172) 59,672	\$ 65,784 24,493	\$ 2,215,432 21,384	\$ 2,117,044 105,549
Capital assets Infrastructure Less: Accumulated depreciation	1,354,910 (18,065)		2,758,908 (36,786)	4,113,818 (54,851)
Total assets	\$ 1,232,345	\$ 90,277	\$ 4,958,938	\$ 6,281,560
LIABILITIES Due to other funds Current portion of long-term debt Long-term bonds payable	\$ - 59,884 1,236,611	\$ -	\$ - 287,193 2,165,404	\$ - 347,077 3,402,015
Total liabilities	1,296,495	(#) (***********************************	2,452,597	3,749,092
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	58,415 (122,565)	90,277	306,311 2,200,030	364,726 2,167,742
Total net position	(64,150)	90,277	2,506,341	2,532,468
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 1,232,345	\$ 90,277	\$ 4,958,938	\$ 6,281,560

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PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

e .	Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	Gar	bage Fund		lonmajor Interprise Funds		Total
OPERATING REVENUES					4.40.000	ф.	1 500 146
Water and sewerage charges	\$ 1,196,238	\$		\$	342,908	\$	1,539,146
Water and sewer tap on fees	29,900		410.005		-		29,900 418,805
Garbage collection fees	- 000		418,805				2,903
Water assessments collected	2,903			-		_	2,903
Total operating revenues	1,229,041		418,805		342,908		1,990,754
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel services	443,410		10,073		.es		453,483
Contractual services	11,334		403,748		*		415,082
Materials and supplies	395,082		3,952		-		399,034
Other Expense	172,036		2,544		26796		174,580
Depreciation	18,065				36,786		54,851
Total operating expenses	1,039,927		420,317		36,786		1,497,030
OPERATING INCOME	189,114		(1,512)		306,122		187,602
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE	S)						
Investment income	386		111		6,171		6,668
Impact fees	=		***		8,013		8,013
Capital Outlay	(6,780)		8.00		*		(6,780)
Debt service							*
Principal retirement	=		•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		415545
Interest and fiscal charges	(33,510)		2 4		(84,237)		(117,747
Other income (expense)	4,907		1,029			_	5,936
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(34,997)	ő	1,140	-	(70,053)		(103,910)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Loan Proceeds	-		-				
Transfers	(99,696)			_			(99,696
Total other financing sources (uses)	(99,696)						(99,696
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	54,421		(372)		236,069		290,118
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), MAY 1	(118,571)		90,649		2,270,272		2,242,350
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), APRIL 30	\$ (64,150)	\$	90,277	\$	2,506,341	¢	2,532,468

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		erworks and verage Fund	_Gar	bage Fund		Vonmajor orprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	1,303,953 (578,452) (443,410)	\$	432,111 (410,244) (10,073)	\$	321,524
Net cash from operating activities		282,091		11,794		321,524
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer (to) from other funds		(99,696)		-		
Net cash from noncapital and related financing activities		(99,696)		-		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from loan Payment on water revenue bonds Purchase of capital assets Interest and fiscal charges paid	****	(58,415) (6,780) (33,510)	·	•	V	(306,311)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities		(98,705)				(390,548)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Other revenue Interest received		4,907 386	·	1,029 111		8,013 6,171
Net cash from investing activities		5,293		1,140		14,184
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		88,983		12,934		(54,840)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1		(253,155)		52,850	_	2,270,272
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	\$	(164,172)	\$	65,784	\$	2,215,432
RECONCILIATION OR OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$	189,114		(1,512)		306,122
cash from operating activities: Depreciation		18,065		-		36,786
Changes in net assets Receivables Accounts payable Compensated absences		74,912 - -		13,306		(21,384)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	282,091	\$	11,794	\$	321,524

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

ASSETS	2013	2012
Cash and investments Accrued Interest	\$ 1,380,874 7,027	\$ 1,239,296
Total Assets	\$ 1,387,901	\$ 1,239,296
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 10,080	\$ 2,045
Total Liabilities	10,080	2,045
NET POSITION		
Net position held in trust for pension benefits and school fund	1,377,821	1,237,251
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 1,387,901	1,239,296

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

April 30, 2013

	8 - 24	2013		2012
Additions: Contributions: Employer contributions	\$	167,186 56,823	\$	152,078 57,912
Employee contributions Total Contributions) 	224,009		209,990
Investment Income Interest Income Realized and Unrealized Gains/Losses Less: Investment Expense Net Investment Income		18,309 28,589 (4,068) 42,830		7,347 15,733 (625) 22,455
School site dedication fees Interest Income Total School Site Income		4,427 5 4,432	-	2
TOTAL ADDITIONS		271,271	-	232,447
Deductions: Pension Benefits Administrative Expenses Actuary Auditing Accounting and Bookkeeping Medical Services Legal Employee Refunds		1,400 1,500 6,823 9,680 3,759		99,717 1,400 1,500 2,045
Conference/Seminar Fees Association Dues Compliance Fee Miscellaneous Payments to local school districts		4,088 775 222 129 975	-	9,509
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		140,570		112,968
CHANGE IN NET POSITION NET POSITION - MAY 1, 2012		1,237,251		1,124,283
NET POSITION - APRIL 30, 2013	\$	1,377,821		1,237,251

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Coal City, Illinois (the Village) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The Village is a municipal corporation governed by an elected board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Village (the primary government).

The Village's financial statements include the Police Pension Trust Fund.

The Village's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a pension board. The Village and PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the Village's police employees, and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. The PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

b. Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to report on its financial position, the changes in its financial position, and cash flows. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for substantially all of the Village's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general capital assets (capital projects funds) and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise fund) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the Village (internal service funds). Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds, the Village has chosen to apply all GASB pronouncements as well as those FASB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 to account for enterprise funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Village. The Village utilizes trust funds which are generally used to account for assets that the Village holds in fiduciary capacity.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Village. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES (Continued)

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary funds.

The Capital Project Funds is used to account for the accumulation of funds for capital expenditures. A portion of the revenue in this fund (interest on deposits) is legally restricted for expenditures for this purpose.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water/Sewer System Fund accounts for the provision of portable water/sewer services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The Garbage Fund accounts for the provision of garbage disposal services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The Village reports the following fiduciary funds:

The Village reports a School Site fund as a fiduciary fund to account for the School Site holdings. The Village also reports a Pension Trust Fund to account for the Police Pension Fund.

The Village reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues received from specific sources which are required by law or regulation to be accounted for in separate funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues and expenses are directly attributable to the operation of the proprietary funds. Nonoperating revenue/expenses are incidental to the operation of these funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable, available and earned). "Measureable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measureable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when due.

Those revenues susceptible (within 60 days except sales, income, and telecommunications tax which use 90 days) to accrual are property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales taxes owed to the state at year end on behalf of the Village are also recognized as revenue. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measureable until received in cash.

In applying susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues (i.e., federal and state grants), the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidelines. Monies that are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, which are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Village reports unearned/unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Unearned/unavailable revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet the measureable, available, and earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned/unavailable revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both the revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned/unavailable revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents: for purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village's proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investment with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments: all Village investments and all fiduciary fund investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statements No. 25 and 31.

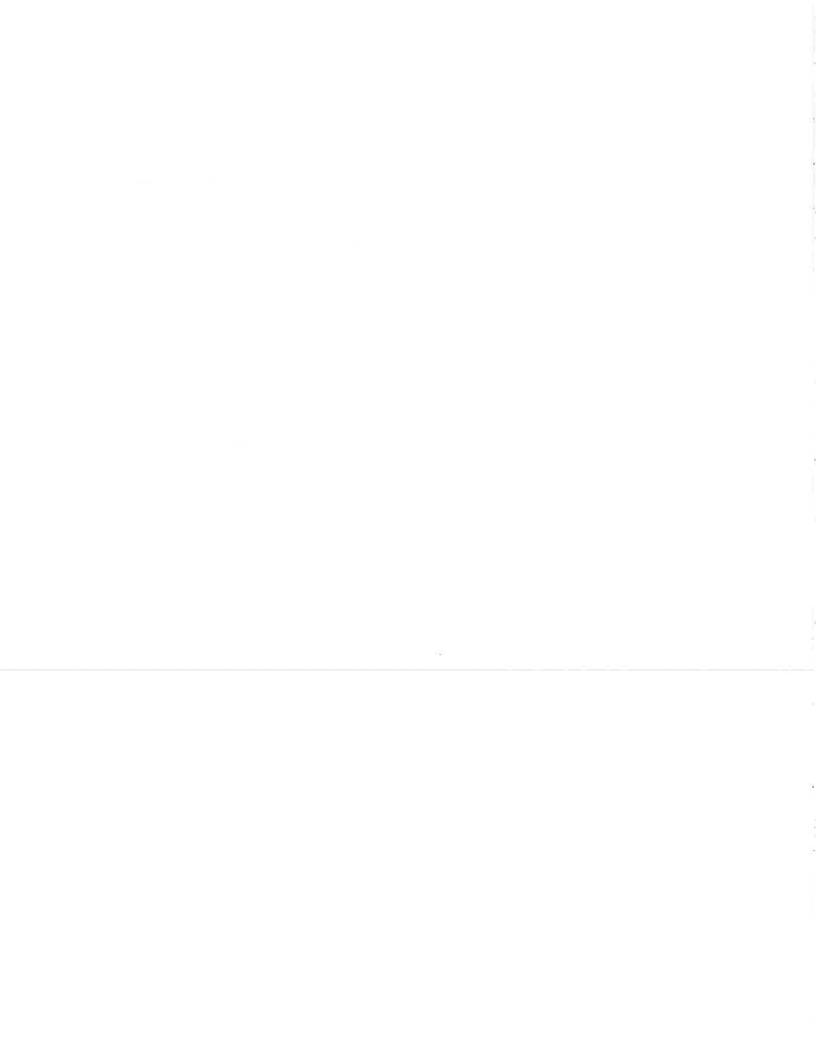
Illinois Funds, a money market mutual fund created by the Illinois State Legislature and controlled by the Illinois State Treasure is reported at a \$1 per share value, which equals the Village's fair value in the pool.

f. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm water), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more that \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded a historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Years
40-50
10
20-50

i. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation, compensatory, and holiday time are reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it once retirement or separation has occurred. Vested or accumulated vacation, compensatory, or holiday time of proprietary funds and governmental activities are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld form the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

k. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Village only has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Village has only one type of time, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balances/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. None of the restricted fund balance result from enabling legislation adopted by the Village. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Village's Board, which is considered the Village's highest level of decision making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Village Board. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Village's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Village's Administrator. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund is reported as unassigned.

The Village's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the Village considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net positions are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. None of the Village's restricted net positions are restricted as a result of enabling legislation adopted by the Village. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt is the book value of the capital assets less the outstanding principal balance of long-term debt issued to construct or acquire the capital assets.

m. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transaction, except interfund services and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

n. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditure/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the fiduciary fund. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds. The deposit and investments of the fiduciary fund are held separately from those of other funds.

a. Village Deposits and Investments

The Village's investment policy authorizes the Village to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statues. These include deposits/investments in insures commercial banks, savings, and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Comptroller that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value).

It is the policy of the Village to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return wit the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Village and conforming to all state and local statues governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, legality, safety of principal, liquidity, and rate of return.

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2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a. Village Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Village's debt securities as of April, 30 2013:

			Inv	nt Matı	urities	in Yea	rs		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less	han 1	1-	-5	6-	10	Greathan	
Illinois Funds	\$ 878,196	\$)# <u>:</u>	\$	=	\$	•	\$	-
IMET	2,560,622		•		<u> </u>			-	-
TOTAL	\$ 3,438,818	\$		\$	-	\$		_\$	

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Village limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The Village limits it exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in external investment pools. Illinois Funds are rated AAA.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investment that are in possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for investments. Illinois Funds are not subject to custodial credit risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Village has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The Village's investment policy requires diversification of investment to avoid unreasonable risk by limiting commercial paper to the lesser of 20% of the cash and investment balance at the time of placement, or 25% of the cash and investment balance.

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3. RECEIVABLE - TAXES

Property taxes for 2012 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2012, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2013 and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2013 and September 1, 2013. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. As the 2012 tax levy is intended to fund expenditures for none of fiscal year 2013, none of the 2012 tax levy has been recognized as revenue as of April 30, 2013 and all of the 2012 tax levy has been deferred as of April 30, 2013.

The 2013 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2013, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2013 as the tax has not yet been levied by the Village and will not be levied until December 2012, and, therefore, the levy is not measurable at April 30, 2013.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Balances May I	Additions	Disposals	Balances April 30
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated		93 -12-13 -		
Land and rights of way	\$ 226,306	\$ 77,966	\$ -	\$ 304,272
Total capital assets not being depreciated	226,306	77,966		304,272
Capital assets being depreciated				
Infrastructure	59,533,431	1,197,648	4,113,818	56,617,261
Buildings	2,859,682	56,580	20	2,916,262
Equipment and vehicles	2,643,743	74,548		2,718,291
Total capital assets being depreciated	65,036,856	1,328,776	4,113,818	62,251,814
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Infrastructure	6,006,603	754,897	-	6,761,500
Buildings	384,749	58,326	2	443,075
Equipment and vehicles	983,309	181,219_		1,164,528
Total accumulated depreciation	7,374,661	994,442		8,369,103
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	57,662,195	334,334	4,113,818	53,882,711
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$57,888,501	\$ 412,300	\$ 4,113,818	\$ 54,186,983

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4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balances May I				Disposals		ces 30
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Capital assets not being depreciated						ds.	
Land and rights of way	_\$		\$ -	\$	•	\$	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-			-	-		
Capital assets being depreciated							
Infrastructure		9	4,113,818		-	4,11	3,818
Buildings		-			•		
Equipment and vehicles		2					-
Total capital assets being depreciated	-		4,113,818		-	4,11	3,818
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Infrastructure		-	54,851		-	5	4,851
Buildings		4	:=0				-
Equipment and vehicles					-		(#)
Total accumulated depreciation	- 76		54,851		-	5	4,851
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		#3	4,058,967		<u> </u>	4,05	8,967
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	-	\$ 4,058,967	\$		\$ 4,05	8,967

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

00 1111 11121 11211 112	994,441
General government	,
Public safety	=
Public works	

TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 994,441

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health; natural disasters; and injuries to the Village's employees which is the reason for having commercial insurance.

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6. LONG-TERM DEBT

a. Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities

The Village issued a G.O. Bond June 1, 2009. The bond was issued at \$6,000,000 at a variable interest rate between 1.75% and 4.20% and matures in December, 2024. The Village received \$630,000 from Public Finance in April of 2008. It is payable quarterly until March of 2013. The Village has a loan through Centrue Bank issued as \$120,000. The interest rate is 3.5% and the current balance as of April 30, 2013 is \$41,190.

Business-Type Activities

The Enterprise Funds have four liabilities outstanding. There are three IEPA Loans. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2002 the Village was approved for two separate loans through the IEPA. The Village was approved for a \$988,731 loan for water improvements at a rate of 2.905% payable over 20 years. The second loan is the amount of \$4,300,000 at a rate of 2.905% payable over 20 years for sewer improvements. The Village was issued an additional IEPA loan for a water tower in 2011. This loan was issued for \$1,458,571 maturing in 2030. Last, there is G.O. Waterworks and Sewerage Improvement Refunding Bond, Series 2002. It was issued in 2002 for \$960,000 and matures in 2012.

b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Fund Debt Retired By	Balances May I	Additions	Reductions	Balances April 30	Current Portion
Governmental Activities Centrue Public Finance GO Bonds	Governmental Governmental Governmental	\$ 41,190 135,789 5,600,000 \$ 5,776,979	\$ - - - \$ -	\$ (41,190) (135,789) (330,000) \$ (506,979)	\$ - 5,270,000 \$ 5,270,000	\$ - 345,000 \$ 345,000
Business-type Activities 2002 W&S Refunding IEPA Loan - Tower IEPA Loan - Water IEPA Loan - Sewer	Enterprise Enterprise Enterprise Enterprise	\$ - 1,354,910 473,598 2,285,311 \$ 4,113,819	\$ -	\$ (58,415) (80,682) (225,630) \$ (364,727)	\$ - 1,296,495 392,916 2,059,681 \$ 3,749,092	\$ 59,884 54,961 232,232 \$ 347,077

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

c. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on long-term debt are as follows:

Ending April 30	G.O. Bonds, Series 2009 Governmental Activities		Ending April 30	IEPA Loa Business-Ty	
	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest
2014 2015 2016-2024 TOTALS	345,000 360,000 4,565,000 \$ 5,270,000	219,225 204,563 1,093,590 \$1,517,378	2014 2015 2016-2022 TOTALS	232,232 239,028 1,588,421 \$ 2,059,681	58,159 51,364 123,930 \$ 233,453
Fiscal Year Ending April 30	IEPA Loan - Tower Business-Type Activities		Fiscal Year Ending April 30		n - Water pe Activities
30	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest
2014 2015 2016-2030	59,884 61,390 1,175,221	32,040 30,534 249,608	2014 2015 2016-2021	54,961 56,570 281,385	11,810 10,202 25,192
TOTALS	\$ 1,296,495	\$ 312,182	TOTALS	\$ 392,916	\$ 47,204

d. Legal Debt Margin

The Village is a non-home municipallity ASSESED VALUATION - 2012 (LATEST AVAILABLE)	_\$_	112,854,391
LEGAL DEBT LIMIT - 8.625% OF ASSESSED VALUATION		9,733,691
AMOUNT OF DEBT APPLICABLE TO DEBT LIMIT		5,270,000
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$	4,463,691

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statues provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner of for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 8.625% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979.")

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7. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

a. Transfers

Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

Fund		ansfers In	Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	(221,882)	
Debt Service Fund		7,829		X#6	
Special Revenue Funds		*		(5,554)	
Capital Projects Fund		319,303		-	
Proprietary Funds		-		(99,696)	
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$	327,132	\$	(327,132)	

b. Due To/Due From

Du	e From	D	ue To
\$	2,060	\$	3 ≟ €
	5,020		
	-		2,060
			5,020
\$	7,080	\$	7,080
	-	5,020	\$ 2,060 \$ 5,020

8. CONTIGENTS LIABILITIES

a. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

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9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

a. Plan description

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

The Village's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Police Pension Fund

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Coal City Police Pension Plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Coal City Police Pension Plan as a pension trust fund.

At April 30, 2013, membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefits	2
Terminated Employees Entitled to	
Benefits but not yet Receiveing Them	0
Employees	
Vested	6
Nonvested	4
TOTAL	12

The following is a summary of the Coal City Police Pension Plan as provided for in ILCS:

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9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan description (Continued)

The Coal City Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% of compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index of 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., 1/2% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Coal City Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Coal City Police Pension Plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the Village has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service cost for the Coal City Police Pension Plan. For the year ended April 30, 2013, the Village's contribution was 26.02% of covered payroll.

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

b. Funding Policy

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

As set by statute, the Village's Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires the Village to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2012 was 7.23 percent of annual covered payroll. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

c. Annual Pension Cost

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

For fiscal year ending April 30, 2013, the Village's annual pension cost of \$60,713 for the Regular plan was equal to the Village's required and actual contributions. The required contribution for 2012 was determined as part of the December 31, 2010, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2010, included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of the Village's Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The Village's Regular plan's overfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis 30 year basis.

Three Year Trend Information for Regular Plan

Acuarial Valuation Date	 al Pension st (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
12/31/2012	\$ 60,713	100%	\$0
12/31/2011	57,699	100%	0
12/31/2010	58,890	100%	0

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9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

d. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

As of December 31, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 109.53% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,792,089 and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,962,877, resulting in an overfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$170,788. The covered payroll for calendar year 2012 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$839,737. Because the plan is overfunded, there is no ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll.

Schedules of Funding Progress

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

		Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded	Post de d	Carronad	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered
Actuarial	Actuarial	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded	Covered	
Valuation	Value of	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	Assets (a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12/31/2012	1,962,877	1,792,089	(170,788)	109.5%	839,737	0.0%
12/31/2011	1,752,321	1,615,917	(136,404)	108.4%	789,321	0.0%
12/31/2010	1,630,761	1,437,246	(193,515)	113.5%	805,614	0.0%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2012 is \$2,019,318. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 112.68%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with Village of Coal City. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

Police Pension Fund

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
04/30/12	1,232,168	3,622,720	2,390,552	34.0%	584,379	409.1%
04/30/12	1,109,774	3,244,720	2,134,946	34.2%	564,723	378.1%
04/30/10	1,013,412	3,174,716	2,161,304	31.9%	536,164	403.1%

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10. MOTOR FUEL TAX ALLOTMENT

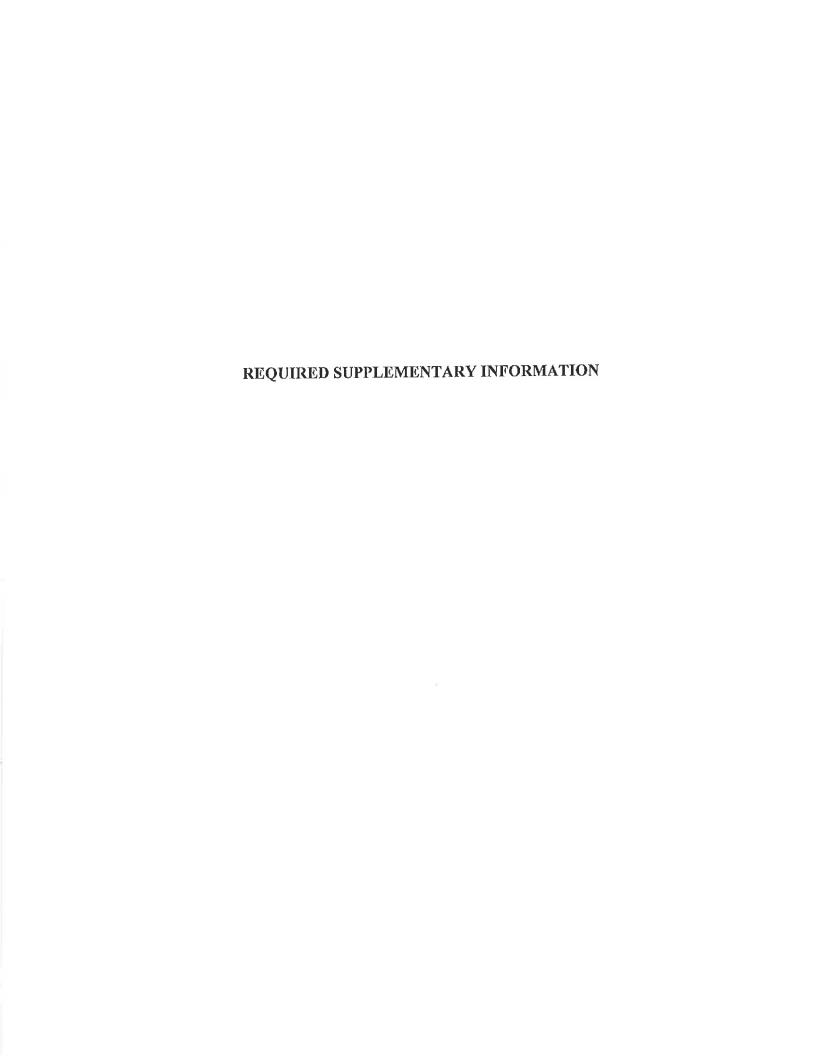
Under current procedures, the allotments of the Village are being received from the State of Illinois each month. These allotments, however, may be expended only for specific projects that have been approved by the Department of Transportation, State of Illinois.

11. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT COLLECTION ACCOUNT

On September 14, 1989, the Village received a warrant for collection of \$1,841,605 in special assessments related to the sanitary sewers extension project mandated by the Illinois EPA. The special assessments collected by the Village are to be used only for payment of principal and interest of the 1989 Series a Revenue Bonds. The Village has abated payment numbers 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 prior to April 30, 1996.

12. TIF DISTRICT

Through passage of Ordinance No. 11-03, as of January 10th, 2011, the Village has adopted Tax Increment Financing (TIF) for the Coal City TIF District Redevelopment Plan and Projects and the Redevelopment Project Area.



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GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Property taxes			ф	(1 (0 10	Φ	(27.22)
General corporate purposes	\$	616,942	\$	616,942	\$	637,332
Police pension		167,324		167,324		167,186
Municipal sales tax		468,000		468,000		524,281
Use tax		72,400		72,400		88,993
Utility and excise taxes		445,460		445,460		449,236
Illinois replacement income taxes		17,235		17,235		18,270
Illinois income tax		475,000		475,000		588,820
Police grant		7. 46 5		-		1,000
Liquor licenses		7,000		7,000		7,800
Other licenses		5,100		5,100		1,245
Contractors permits		20,000		20,000		18,100
Building permits		28,500		28,500		19,781
Cable TV franchise fees		51,000		51,000		52,377
Telephone franchise fees				20		-
Video gaming revenue		4		*		4,712
Coal City School District reimbursement		67,590		67,590		90,034
State grants		3,000		3,000		5,545
Fines		38,500		38,500		38,267
Interest on deposits		1,000		1,000		1,394
Zoning		31,500		31,500		14,850
Other revenues	-	102,402		102,402		77,907
Total revenues		2,617,953		2,617,953	_	2,807,130
EXPENDITURES						
Administrative and general		657,452		657,452		568,894
Police protection		1,321,028		1,321,028		1,244,284
Street and alley		773,921		773,921		613,471
Emergency and safety		18,000		18,000		12,678
Contingencies		104,000	<u> </u>	104,000	0 9 00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total expenditures		2,874,401		2,874,401	0 :	2,439,327

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GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(256,448)	(256,448)	367,803
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		_	
Loan proceeds Transfers in (out)			(221,882)
Total other financing sources			(221,882)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (256,448)	\$ (256,448)	145,921
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			1,079,696
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 1,225,617

			54 15

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

April 30, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS											
				(4)							
		(2)		Unfunded		UAAL					
		Actuarial		(Overfunded)		(OAAL) as a					
Actuarial	(1)	Accrued	(3)	AAL		Percentage of					
Valuation	Actuarial	Liability	Funded	(UAAL)	(5)	Covered					
Date	Value of	(AAL) Entry-	Ratio (1)/	(OAAL)	Covered	Payroll					
December 31	Assets	age	(2)	(2) -(1)	Payroll	(4) / (5)					
2009	1,466,040	1,281,506	114,40%	(184,534)	744,710	0.00%					
				(400 545)	005 614	0.0007					
2010	1,630,761	1,437,246	113.46%	(193,515)	805,614	0.00%					
0011	1.750.201	1 (15 017	108.44%	(136,404)	789,321	0.00%					
2011	1,752,321	1,615,917	108,4470	(130,404)	107,521	0,0070					
2012	1,962,877	1,792,089	109.53%	(170,788)	839,737	0.00%					
2012	1,902,077	1,792,009	107,3370	(170,700)	000,101	V,VV,-					

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	Contribution Made	Contribution Made as a Percentage of Annual Required Contribution
2009	7,000	7,000	100%
2010	58,890	58,890	100%
2011	57,699	57,699	100%
2012	60,713	60,713	100%

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION POLICE PENSION FUND

April 30, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS											
				(4)							
		(2)		Unfunded		UAAL					
		Actuarial		(Overfunded)		(OAAL) as a					
Actuarial	(1)	Accrued	(3)	AAL		Percentage of					
Valuation	Actuarial	Liability	Funded	(UAAL)	(5)	Covered					
Date	Value of	(AAL) Entry-	Ratio (1)/	(OAAL)	Covered	Payroll					
December 31	Assets	age	(2)	(2) - (1)	Payroll	(4) / (5)					
1/2											
2010	1,013,412	3,174,716	31.92%	2,161,304	536,164	403.11%					
2010	1,013,412	3,174,716	31.92%	2,161,304	536,164	403.11%					
	, ,	3,174,716 3,244,720	31.92% 34.20%	2,161,304 2,134,946	536,164 564,723	403.11% 378.05%					
2010 2011	1,013,412 1,109,774			, ,	•						
	, ,			, ,	•						

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Contribution Made as a			
Percentage of		Annual	Actuarial
Annual		Required	Valuation
Required	Contribution	Contribution	Date
Contribution	Made	(ARC)	December 31
128%	129,246	101,131	2010
88%	148,061	168,251	2011
100%	152,080	152,080	2012

VILLAGE OF COAL CITY, ILLINOIS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION April 30, 2013

BUDGETS

The Budget Ordinance is prepared in tentative form by the Village, reviewed and approved by the Village Board, and is made available for public inspection at least ten days prior to final Board action. A public hearing is held on the tentative Budget Ordinance to obtain taxpayer comments.

Prior to August 1, the Budget ordinance is legally enacted through the passage of a Budget ordinance. All actual expenditures contained herein have been compared to the annual operating budget.

The Board of Trustees may:

By two-thirds vote transfer, within any department, amounts budgeted for an object or purpose to another object or purpose. No object or purpose can be reduced below an amount sufficient to provide for all obligations incurred, or to be incurred, against the budgeted amount.

Adopt a supplemental budget ordinance in an amount not to exceed any additional revenue available, including unappropriated fund balances or amount estimated to be received after adoption of the annual budget ordinance.

Management cannot amend the Budget Ordinance. However, expenditures may exceed budgets at the subject level. Expenditures that exceed individual budgets at the object level must be approved by the Board of Trustees, as outlined above.

The Village does not use the encumbrance method of accounting. Budgetary funds are controlled by an integrated budgetary accounting system, in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the Village.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General, Debt Service, Special Revenue, and Enterprise Funds.

The operating budget is the management control for spending. The manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund are done through the approval of the Village Board of Trustees and are supported by budget amendments as needed.

Operating budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds and on an accrual basis for proprietary and fiduciary funds. Budgets have been adopted for the General, Debt Service, Special Revenue, and Enterprise Funds. Budgets for the enterprise funds do not provide for depreciation; capital improvements are budgeted as expenses.

VILLAGE OF COAL CITY, ILLINOIS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION April 30, 2013

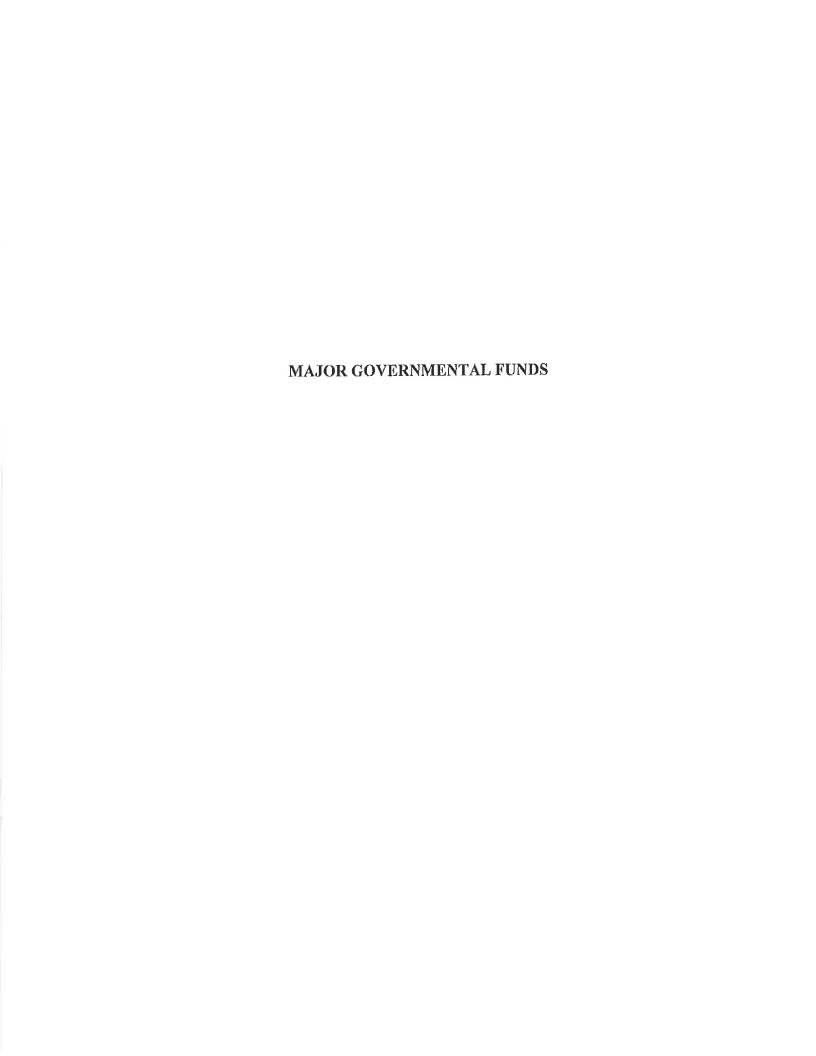
1, BUDGETS (Continued)

All budgets are prepared based on the annual fiscal year of the Village and lapse at year end.

Budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Village Board of Trustees.

The financial schedules report management's operating budget in the columns titled original budget and final budget for the General, Debt Service, Special Revenue, and Enterprise Funds.

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GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

H-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
TAXES						
Property taxes						
General corporate purposes	\$	616,942	\$	616,942	\$	637,332
Police Pension	Ψ	167,324	Ψ	167,324	*	167,186
Municipal sales tax		468,000		468,000		524,281
Local use tax		72,400		72,400		88,993
		445,460		445,460		449,236
Utility and excise taxes		443,400	110000	445,400		117,200
Total taxes	***	1,770,126		1,770,126		1,867,028
INTERGOVERNMENTAL						
Illinois replacement income taxes		17,235		17,235		18,270
Illinois income tax		475,000		475,000		588,820
Police grant		-				1,000
Total Intergovernmental		492,235		492,235_		608,090
LICENSES AND PERMITS						
Liquor licenses		7,000		7,000		7,800
Other licenses		5,100		5,100		1,245
Contractors permits		20,000		20,000		18,100
Building permits		28,500		28,500		19,781
Cable TV franchise fees		51,000		51,000		52,377
Telephone franchise fees				29e2		
Video gaming revenue						4,712
Coal City School District reimbursement		67,590		67,590		90,034
State grants		3,000		3,000		5,545
Fines		38,500		38,500		38,267
Interest on deposits		1,000		1,000		1,394
Zoning		31,500		31,500		14,850
Workman's comp reimbursement		5,200		5,200		22,393
Other revenues		97,202		97,202		55,514
Total Licenses and Permits	•	355,592		355,592		332,012
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	2,617,953	_\$_	2,617,953	\$	2,807,130

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GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Administrative			10.006	ŵ	40.410
Village administrator	\$	49,986	\$ 49,986	\$	49,418
Mayor and Trustees		20,000	20,000		20,000
Administrative assistant		28,740	28,740		29,068
Village clerk salary		2,500	2,500		2,500
Deputy village clerk		1,000	1,000		1,000
Village treasurer		2,010	2,010		500
Clerical salaries		1,100	1,100		9,277
Janitor salaries					-
Building inspector salary		2,720	2,720		:=:
Collector wages		34,805	34,805		25,936
Telephone and Pager		3,600	3,600		2,534
Legal services		75,000	75,000		70,290
Engineering services		7,500	7,500		∞.
Auditing and Accounting services		8,000	8,000		5,600
Other professional services		51,250	51,250		46,523
Dues and seminars		13,534	13,534		17,061
Business and Industrial Commission Expense	:	-	-		
Mayor and Trustees expenses		4,000	4,000		1,101
Zoning expenses		-	=		•
Repairs and Maintenance					
of Village buildings		19,100	19,100		8,009
Repairs and Maintenance					
of Village equipment		#50	₩.		-
Unemployment taxes		11,500	11,500		4,037
Employee group insurance		27,980	27,980		26,306
Deferred Compensation		2,593	2,593		1,357
General insurance		104,123	104,123		107,144
Printing and publishing		3,150	3,150		2,197
Office supplies and expense		10,000	10,000		7,663
Building and janitorial supplies		-	(#4))		-
Miscellaneous expense		7,850	7,850		13,764

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

	Original	Final	A
	Budget	Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)			
Administrative (Continued)	5 000	5.000	0.001
Computer supplies and expense	5,000	5,000	8,281
Training	1,500	1,500	444
Travel expense	9,950	9,950	3,311
Codification of ordinances	8,500	8,500	-
Village Collector	7 <u>4</u> 7		104
Capital outlay - buildings	5,000	5,000	134
Capital outlay - equipment	5,000	5,000	3,372
Capital outlay - vehicle	5,000	5,000	5,200
Community relations	1,500	1,500	1,817
Contingencies	10,000	10,000	840
Library replacement tax	4,500	4,500	2,483
Bank service charges	t .	-	1,766
Sales tax rebate	89,961	89,961	89,961
TIF Expenses	19,500	19,500	
Total administrative	657,452	657,452	568,894
Police Protection			
Chief of police salary	84,035	84,035	83,244
Regular policemen salaries	594,866	594,866	523,199
Overtime policemen salaries	75,940	75,940	90,121
School crossing guards salaries	23,500	23,500	21,877
Clerical	37,779	37,779	37,006
Deferred compensation	:#:	*	-
Health insurance	152,254	152,254	169,539
Police Pension Expense	167,324	167,324	167,186
Animal control expenses	7,000	7,000	37,335
Police training expenses	13,000	13,000	4,897
Telephone	10,000	10,000	9,970
Publishing	2,500	2,500	1,481
Dues	5,000	5,000	3,101
Operating supplies	10,000	10,000	4,740
Travel	2,500	2,500	1,366

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

	Original	Final	
	Budget	Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)	Duager	2 tiugot	
Police Protection (Continued)			
Repairs and Maintenance			
of radios	2,000	2,000	224
Repairs and Maintenance	,	3 * 1	
of vehicles and equipment	10,000	10,000	11,316
Repairs and Maintenance	,	,	
of buildings	15,000	15,000	8,494
Uniform allowance	6,050	6,050	7,326
Office supplies and expense	4,000	4,000	4,586
Vehicle gasoline and oil	35,000	35,000	30,404
Board of Police Commission expense	4,000	4,000	5,937
Crime prevention	2,500	2,500	2,735
Administrative Adjudication expense	2,500	2,500	376
Miscellaneous expense	2,000	2,000	12,018
Intergovernmental agreements	35,280	35,280	
DUI training expense	-		X=
DARE	**	€	7.=
Computer supplies,			
maintenance and equipment	4,000	4,000	4,795
Purchase of police vehicle	6,000	6,000	
Purchase of police and office equipment	4,000	4,000	1,387
Purchase of communication equipment	3,000	3,000	<u>.</u>
Total police protection	1,321,028	1,321,028	1,244,284
Street and Alley			
Maintenance salaries	242,361	242,361	231,700
Zoning officer salary	56,493	56,493	55,066
Plumbing inspector	2,520	2,520	1,960
Repairs and maintenance of buildings	7,750	7,750	6,880
Repairs and maintenance of sidewalks	3,500	3,500	6,431
Repairs and maintenance of streets	40,000	40,000	11,989
Repairs and maintenance of storm sewers	25,000	25,000	24,611
Repairs and maintenance of vehicles and equipment	26,600	26,600	20,555

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

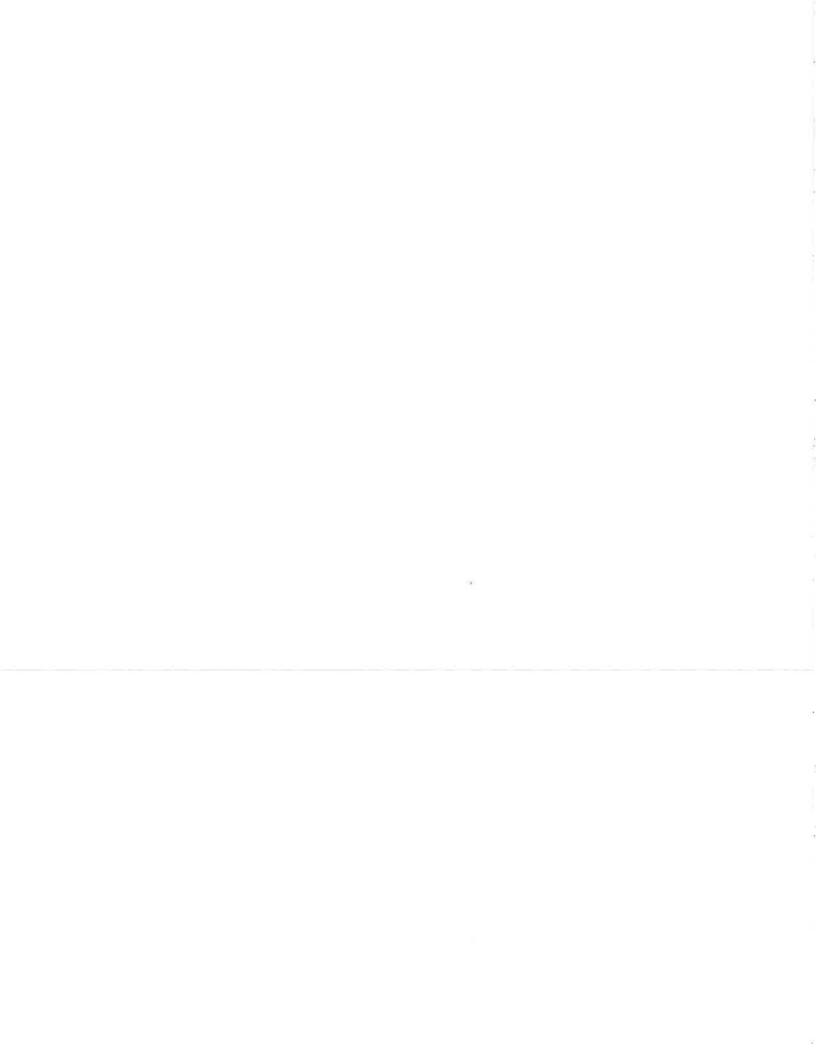
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)			
Street and Alley (Continued)			
Tree removal	5,000	5,000	8,123
Snow removal	14,000	14,000	14,099
Engineering services	8,000	8,000	1,343
Utilities	-		993
Street lighting	60,000	60,000	47,018
Other professional services	3,000	3,000	292
Dues	800	800	370
Plan commission stipend	3,500	3,500	2,250
JULIE	1,000	1,000	434
Claypool Drainage District Assessment	2,000	2,000	714
Telephone	9,520	9,520	11,351
Uniforms	7,700	7,700	2,858
Street signs	10,000	10,000	8,126
Street lighting supplies	5,000	5,000	25
Gasoline and oil	29,276	29,276	19,154
Insect control supplies	4,200	4,200	2,000
Operating supplies	12,000	12,000	9,923
Printing and Advertising	200	200	260
Office supplies	1,550	1,550	1,329
Computer supplies	1,300	1,300	1,300
Miscellaneous expense	4,500	4,500	6,425
Travel expense	1,050	1,050	12
Training and education	3,600	3,600	1,503
Zoning expenses	1,200	1,200	573
Sidewalk improvements	10,000	10,000	-
Storm sewer and drainage ditch improvements	1,500	1,500	7,974
Street improvements	20,000	20,000	4,362
Purchase of vehicles and equipment	76,951	76,951	32,732
Health insurance	68,350	68,350	68,558
Building improvements	4,500	4,500	178
Total street and alley	773,921	773,921	613,471

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GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)			
Emergency and Safety			2-0 0000
Telephone	2,000	2,000	2,432
Repairs and Maintenance of equipment	5,000	5,000	2,857
Training	2,500	2,500	125
EOC Room expenses	* 2	-	· · ·
ESDA stipend	₩ 0	=	2,639
IPRA	6,000	6,000	3,961
Capital Outlay	2,500	2,500	=
Miscellaneous expense		*	664
Total emergency and safety	18,000	18,000	12,678
Contingencies & interfund Transfers	104,000	104,000	(221,882)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 2,874,401	\$ 2,874,401	\$ 2,661,209



DEBT SERVICE - STORM REFERENDUM BOND FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

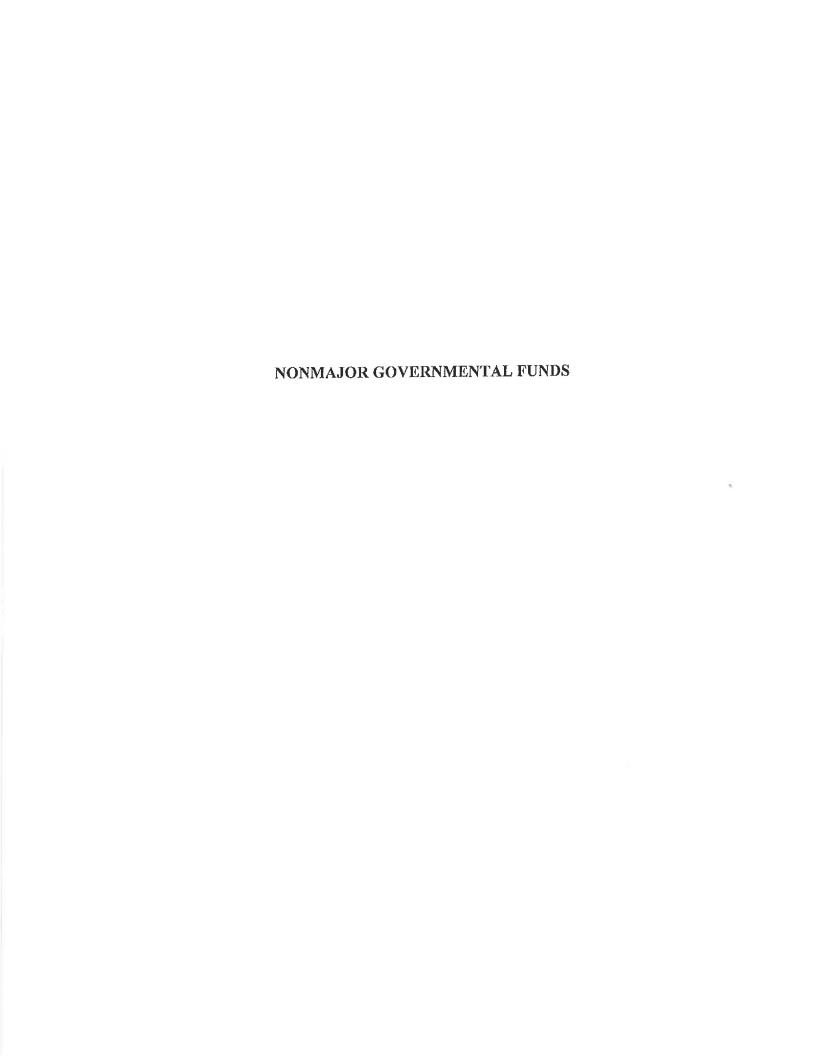
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES	A 756 405	ф <i>556 405</i>	e 555 020
Property taxes	\$ 556,485	\$ 556,485	\$ 555,939 573
Interest on deposits	18,000	18,000	1,652
Unrealized gain/loss		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,032
Total revenues	574,485	574,485	558,164
EXPENDITURES			
Engineering	250,000	250,000	117,553
Legal	-	-	•
Other professional services	-	-	57,100
Printing	-	=	537
Bank service charge	-	₩.	₩:
Construction	2,520,000	2,520,000	1,183,947
Payment of bond principal	330,000	330,000	330,000
Payment of bond interest	116,873	116,873	233,745
Paying agent fees	500	500	500
Total expenditures	3,217,373	3,217,373	1,923,382
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,642,888)	(2,642,888)	(1,365,218)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		•	7,829
Bond proceeds			The Control of the Co
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (2,642,888)	\$ (2,642,888)	(1,357,389)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			2,634,296
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 1,276,907

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CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES		22 111 000	-		70	
Interest on deposits	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	3,120
State grants		-		84		744,300
Miscellaneous income	8	1,895,500		1,895,500	ş 	110,283
Total revenues	(fellower)	1,897,500		1,897,500		857,703
EXPENSES						
Testing				.**		4,298
Engineering		133,300		133,300		23,045
Legal fees		97,799		97,799		350
Other professional services		50,100		50,100		9,236
Bank service charges		8=		-		-
Road maintenance		0.00				61,436
Land and equipment acquisition		182,073		182,073		83,067
Capital improvements expenditures		1,750,000		1,750,000		56,580
Interest expense				: **	5	4,895
Total expenses	;	2,213,272		2,213,272		242,907
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	c 	(315,772)		(315,772)		614,796
Other Financing Sources (uses) - Operating transfer (to) from - Loan/Bond proceeds (payments)		139,200		139,200	-	319,303 (176,940)
Total Other financing sources (uses)		139,200		139,200	·	142,363
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(176,572)	\$	(176,572)		757,159
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						86,649
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30						843,808



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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

				Spe	cial R	Special Revenue Funds	spui					
						Illinois						
			2	Motor	Μ̈́	Municipal	ØΣ	Social				
	P	Park	Fu	Fuel Tax	Ret	Retirement	യ്	Security		TIF		
SEE SEE	Fu	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
Cash	€	19 773	€	48 108	6	76 730	¥		Ð	24 722	e	100 001
Accounts receivable			€	10,170)	20,120)	E -	9	54,403	9	170,004
Die from other find				i i				r =		1		
	l											•
TOTAL ASSETS	89	19,723	69	48,198	65	26,730	S	1	€>	34,233	64	128,884
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Due to other fund	↔		€>	2,060	€>	3	69	1	6/3	5,020	€>	7,080
Total liabilities	9			2,060				Г		5,020		7,080
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted												
General government		ì		ì		26,730		ñ		1		26,730
Parks		19,723										19,723
TIF projects		1		Ē		¥.		Ť		29,213		29,213
Highways and streets		1		46,138		E.		Ē		ï		46,138
Unrestricted												
Unassigned		*		ä		1		i		i		3
Total fund balances		19,723		46,138		26,730		ı		29,213		121,804
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	↔	19,723	69	48,198	69	26,730	69	ı	69	34,233	↔	128,884

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		Special	Revenue			
	Park Fund	Motor Fuel Tax	Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	Social Security Fund	TIF Fund	Total
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 83,220	\$ -	\$ 75,050	\$ 84,917	\$ 35,621	\$ 278,808
Allotments from State of Illinois		159,599	-	_	-	159,599
Illinois replacement income taxes	2,116	Via:	-	-	-	2,116
Garbage collection fees		-	-	-	-	-
Interest on deposits	27	147	77	-	2	253
Other revenue	8,381	15,012		-		23,393
Total revenues	93,744	174,758	75,127	84,917	35,623	464,169
EXPENDITURES						
General government	<u>≅</u> 7	263,310	62,254	119,154	15,411	460,129
Street and alley			* 3	*	-	963
Sanitation		: - :	1991	: : :::	<u> </u>	
Parks	100,577	/=	-	-		100,577
i wino				 		
Total expenditures	100,577	263,310	62,254	119,154	15,411	560,706
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(6,833)	(88,552)	12,873	(34,237)	20,212	(96,537)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES			(2.1.002)	0.1.002		(5.54)
Operating transfer (to) from	(5,554)		(24,093)	24,093		(5,554)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,554)		(24,093)	24,093		(5,554)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,387)	(88,552)	(11,220)	(10,144)	20,212	(102,091)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1	32,110	134,690	37,950	10,144	9,001	223,895
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	\$ 19,723	\$ 46,138	\$ 26,730	\$	\$ 29,213	\$ 121,804

PARK FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
REVENUE	ф	92.206	ď٢	92 204	\$	83,220
Property taxes	\$	83,296	\$	83,296	Ф	63,420
Illinois replacement		1,970		1,970		2,116
income taxes Donations		1,770		1,570		700
Interest on deposits		=		·		27
Other revenues		3,000		3,000		7,681
Total revenues		88,266		88,266		93,744
EXPENDITURES						
Maintenance salaries		43,566		43,566		53,014
Village administrator		2,730		2,730		2,696
Administrative assistant		5,696		5,696		1,531
Electricity		6,570		6,570		5,753
Repairs and maintenance		5,000		5,000		16,569
Professional fees		7,600		7,600		100
Program expense		6,089		6,089		1,438
Contractual activities		3,175		3,175		4,475
Miscellaneous expense		300		300		7,503
Buildings		5,450		5,450		C 400
Purchase of playground equipment		7,000		7,000		6,488 680
Park improvements		500		500		330
Purchase of park equipment		5,000		5,000	-	330
Total expenditures	-	98,676		98,676		100,577
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(10,410)		(10,410)		(6,833)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	1 <u>2</u>	(5,555)		(5,555)		(5,554)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(15,965)	\$	(15,965)		(12,387)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						32,110
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	19,723

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MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUE Allotments received from State of Illinois Miscellaneous revenue Interest on deposits	\$ 155,000 - 250		\$ 159,599 15,012 147
Total revenues	155,250	155,250	174,758
EXPENDITURES Repairs and maintenance of streets Engineering services Publishing services Testing services Miscellaneous Total expenditures	250,000 30,000 185 3,500 	30,000 185 3,500	231,922 29,256 72 2,060 ———————————————————————————————————
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(128,435)) (128,435)	(88,552)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (128,435)	\$ (128,435)	(88,552)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			134,690
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 46,138

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ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUE Property taxes Interest on deposits	\$ 160,113	\$ 160,113	\$ 75,050 77
Total revenues	160,113	160,113	75,127
EXPENDITURES Contributions to Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Miscellaneous	70,000	70,000	62,254
Total expenditures	70,000	70,000	62,254
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	90,113	90,113	12,873
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)			(24,093)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 90,113	\$ 90,113	(11,220)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			37,950
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 26,730

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SOCIAL SECURITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUE		Φ	m 04017
Property taxes Interest on deposits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 84,917 -
Total revenues	-	-	84,917
EXPENDITURES			
Contributions to Social Security System Miscellaneous	124,037	124,037	119,154
Total expenditures	124,037	124,037	119,154
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(124,037)	(124,037)	(34,237)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	; # 6		24,093
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (124,037)	\$ (124,037)	(10,144)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			10,144
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ -

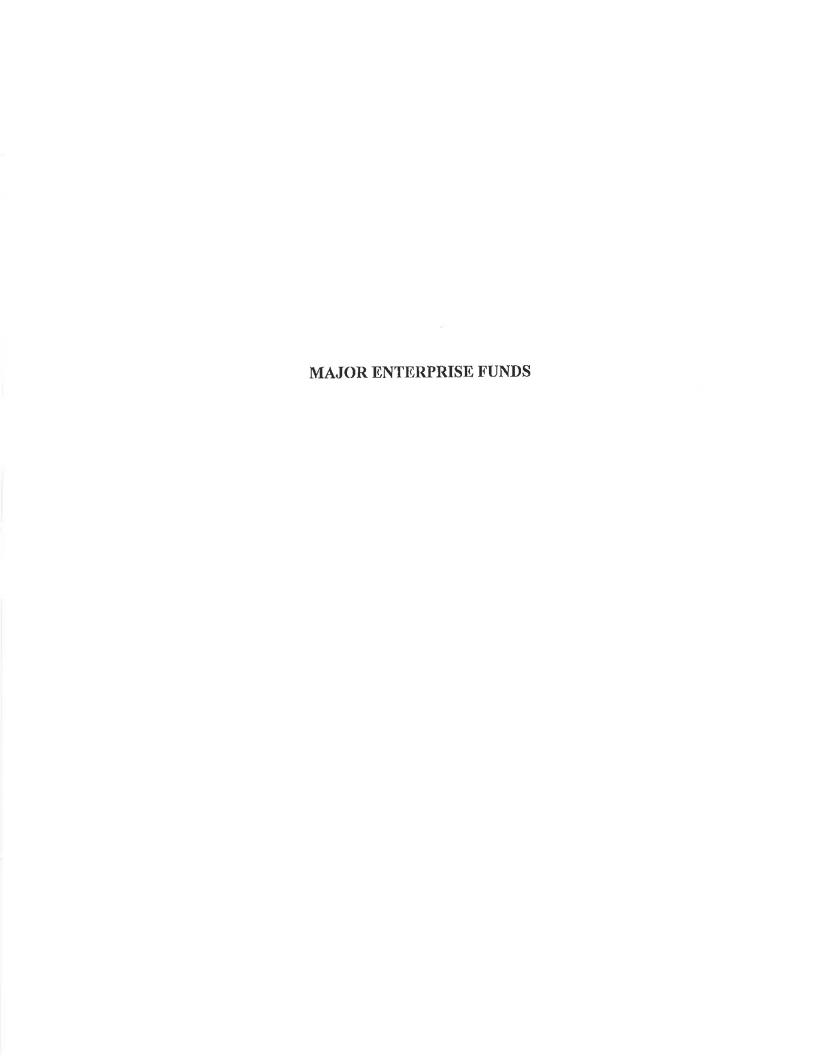
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TIF FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUE Property taxes	\$ 91,965	\$ 91,965	\$ 35,621
Interest on deposits	·		2
Total revenues	91,965	91,965	35,623
EXPENDITURES			(01
Engineering service	=		621
Legal service	-	01.065	2,281
Other professional services	91,965	91,965	4,348
Miscellaneous	27,500	27,500	8,161
Total expenditures	119,465	119,465	15,411
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(27,500)	(27,500)	20,212
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	<u>-</u>		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (27,500)	\$ (27,500)	20,212
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			9,001
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 29,213

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WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

				-		_			******		
	Operation and Maintenance Account	Rep	Bond payment ecount		Water Impact Account		Sanitary Sewer Impact Account	Imp	Water rastructure provement Account	Imp	Sewer rastructure provement Account
OPERATING REVENUES											
Water and sewer charges	\$ 1,196,238	\$	(#C	\$	•	\$		\$	48,859	\$	294,049
Water and sewer tap on fees	29,900		3#0		-		-				-
Water meter assessments collected	2,903		-				-				
Total revenues	\$ 1,229,041	\$	in.	\$	· ·	\$		\$	48,859	\$	294,049
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Personnel services	443,410				(a.e.)		¥		*		
Contractual services	11,334		-		820		-		•		5€
Materials and supplies	395,082		-		-		-		*		
Other Expense	172,036		-		•		=		**		
Capital Outlay	6,780		· * 0		•		•		6,315		30,471
Depreciation	18,065	-		_				-	0,313	-	30,471
Total operating expenses	1,046,707			-			¥.		6,315		30,471
OPERATING INCOME	182,334		-						42,544		263,578
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENS	SES)										
Investment income	386		4		32		36		43		317
Impact fees			-		2,671		5,342				-
Debt service											
Principal retirement	(00.510)		100		=		ā		(19,476)		(64,761)
Interest and fiscal charges	(33,510)		•		30 0 0		*		(19,470)		(04,701
Other income (expense)	4,907	-		-		_		-		-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(28,217)		4		2,703		5,378		(19,433)		(64,444)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Inter account transfers	(99,696)						2		5,339		22,563
Loan/bond Proceeds	(33,030)		:=:::								
Total other financing sources (uses)	(99,696)	-	-					v v:	5,339		22,563
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	54,421	-	4	-	2,703	•	5,378		28,450		221,697
NET POSITION, MAY 1	(118,571)		2,940		42,026		40,985		57,766		351,641
		•		-	44,729	\$	46,363	\$	86,216	<u> </u>	573,338
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ (64,150)	\$	2,944	\$	44,749	<u></u>	40,303		00,210	—	٥ د دود ۽ د

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WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

	Water Depreciation Fund	Bono	Water I Reserve Fund	Вог	Sewer nd Reserve Fund		wer Plant preciation Fund	W&S Infrastructure Expansion Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES Water and sewer charges Water and sewer tap on fees Water meter assessments collected	\$ - -	\$		\$	-	\$		\$ - -	\$ 1,539,146 29,900 2,903
Total revenues	\$ -	\$_	- 4	_\$_					1,571,949
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services Contractual services Materials and supplies Other Expense Capital Outlay Depreciation	-				-		•	-	443,410 11,334 395,082 172,036 6,780 54,851
Total operating expenses	<u> </u>					_			1,083,493
OPERATING INCOME			(#						488,456
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPEN Investment income Impact fees Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Other income (expense)	(SES) 39 -	· ·	63		243		179	5,215	6,557 8,013 - (117,747) 4,907
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses	39		63		243		179	5,215	(98,270)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Inter account transfers Loan/bond Proceeds	(5,339)		(£		¥		(22,563)	·	(99,696)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,339)						(22,563)		(99,696)
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(5,300)		63		243		(22,384)	5,215	290,490
NET POSITION, MAY 1	47,398		66,818		290,566		228,716	1,141,416	2,151,701
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 42,098		66,881	\$	290,809	\$	206,332	\$ 1,146,631	\$ 2,442,191

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OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

No. of the last of	Original	· Final	
	Budget	Budget	Actual
OPERATING REVENUES	-		
Water and sewer charges	\$ 1,438,000	\$ 1,438,000	\$ 1,196,238
Water and sewer tap on fees	27,000	27,000	29,900
Water meter assessments collected	15,000	15,000	2,903
Total operating revenues	1,480,000	1,480,000	1,229,041
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services	493,755	493,755	443,410
Contractual services	49,000	49,000	11,334
Materials and supplies	324,700	324,700	395,082
Other Expense	231,871	231,871	172,036
Capital Outlay	125,000	125,000	6,780
Depreciation			18,065
Total operating expenses	1,224,326	1,224,326	1,046,707
OPERATING INCOME	255,674	255,674	182,334
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment income	200	200	386
Impact fees	a 11	:=0	
Debt service	(5,000)	(** (** (** (** (** (** (** (** (** (**	
Principal retirement	(56,990)	(56,990)	(22.510)
Interest and fiscal charges	(34,934)	(34,934)	(33,510) 4,907
Other income (expense)	12,000	12,000	4,907
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(79,724)	(79,724)	(28,217)
OPERATING TRANSFERS			
Transfers	-		(99,696)
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 175,950	\$ 175,950	54,421
NET POSITION, MAY 1			(118,571)
NET POSITION, APRIL 30			\$ (64,150)

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BOND REPAYMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

<i>5</i>	Orig Bud		Fin Buc		Act	ual
OPERATING REVENUES					da .	
Water and sewer charges	\$		\$	340	\$	D = 0
Water and sewer tap on fees		2		100		
Water meter assessments collected					-	
Total operating revenues			4			(€
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		-		:: (
Contractual services		-				
Materials and supplies		-				-
Other Expense		-		(- -)		
Capital Outlay	-					
Total operating expenses					1	-
OPERATING INCOME			***	-		-
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income		.=0		±50°		4
Impact fees		=		1		_
Debt service						
Principal retirement		 8				-
Interest and fiscal charges				₩		-
Other income (expense)	-	*	•••		-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		•			-	4
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Transfers	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-	
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	-	\$			4
NET POSITION, MAY 1						2,940
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	2,944

WATER IMPACT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		ginal Iget		Final Budget	A	ctual
OPERATING REVENUES	Φ.		ф		φ	
Water and sewer charges	\$	**	\$	-	Ф	_
Water and sewer tap on fees				-		_
Water meter assessments collected						
Total operating revenues	-	<u> </u>				-
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		~		-		-
Contractual services		10,000		10,000		•
Materials and supplies		-		(₩)		-
Other Expense		=		•		-
Capital Outlay						
Total operating expenses		10,000		10,000		
OPERATING INCOME	((10,000)		(10,000)	-	(4
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income		20		20		32
Impact fees		10,000		10,000		2,671
Debt service		•				
Principal retirement						V <u>4</u>
Interest and fiscal charges				-		m#
Other income (expense)				-		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		10,020		10,020		2,703
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Transfers					-	
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	20	\$	20		2,703
NET POSITION, MAY 1					,	42,026
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	44,729

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SANITARY SEWER IMPACT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		riginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES	Φ		₫.		ው	
Water and sewer charges	\$		\$,,	\$	
Water and sewer tap on fees		:=		-		
Water meter assessments collected	-					
Total operating revenues						
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		3#		.		-
Contractual services		5,000		5,000		•
Materials and supplies		1 📆		<u>.</u>		-
Other Expense		()		₹.		•
Capital Outlay					-	
Total operating expenses		5,000		5,000		
OPERATING INCOME	<u> </u>	(5,000)		(5,000)		-
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income		15		15		36
Impact fees		5,000		5,000		5,342
Debt service						
Principal retirement		19		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		*		<u>=</u>		:#X
Other income (expense)	0				-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	5,015	-	5,015		5,378
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Transfers						A. # c
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	15	\$	15		5,378
NET POSITION, MAY I						40,985
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					_\$	46,363

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WATER INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	58,500	\$	58,500	\$	48,859
Water and sewer charges Water and sewer tap on fees	φ	36,300	Φ	20,200	Ψ	40,000
Water meter assessments collected		*):				
Total operating revenues	,	58,500		58,500		48,859
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		-		(#)		
Contractual services		•				0.55
Materials and supplies				(=)		v. e.
Other Expense		-		3.00		C 215
Depreciation						6,315
Total operating expenses			les established		~	6,315
OPERATING INCOME		58,500		58,500		42,544
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income		40		40		43
Impact fees				-		•
Debt service				(11 (700)		
Principal retirement		(114,522)		(114,522)		(10.476)
Interest and fiscal charges		(30,917)		(30,917)		(19,476)
Other income (expense)					-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	(145,399)		(145,399)	\ 	(19,433)
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Bond proceeds Transfers		5,339		5,339		5,339
Transfers	-	3,339	-	7,555	-	3,337
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(81,560)	\$	(81,560)		28,450
NET POSITION, MAY 1					·	57,766
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	86,216

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SEWER INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.					
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES						
Water and sewer charges	\$	270,000	\$	270,000	\$	294,049
Water and sewer tap on fees		-		: = 1		*
Water meter assessments collected	-		•			
Total operating revenues		270,000		270,000		294,049
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services				-		(+)
Contractual services		-				-
Materials and supplies		-				-
Other Expense				-		
Depreciation	*				-	30,471
Total operating expenses				*		30,471
OPERATING INCOME	-	270,000		270,000	s -s	263,578
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income		150		150		317
Impact fees		f		•		%¥
Debt service						
Principal retirement		(225,631)		(225,631)		74
Interest and fiscal charges		(64,763)		(64,763)		(64,761)
Other income (expense)				-		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(290,244)		(290,244)		(64,444)
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Transfers		22,563		22,563	_ "-	22,563
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	2,319		2,319		221,697
NET POSITION, MAY 1						351,641
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	573,338

WATER DEPRECIATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		riginal udget		Final Budget		xctual
OPERATING REVENUES						
Water and sewer charges	\$	-	\$; 	\$	
Water and sewer tap on fees		-		-		
Water meter assessments collected						
Total operating revenues		-				
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		-		1 31 3		+
Contractual services		-		:1		漢
Materials and supplies		=		•		·
Other Expense		-		77.		-
Capital Outlay	-			-		
Total operating expenses	20 - 21	-	·			
OPERATING INCOME			No.	-		-
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income		25		25		39
Impact fees		#		-		**
Debt service						
Principal retirement		Ē		*		-
Interest and fiscal charges		#		·		:(
Other income (expense)						
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	25		25		39
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Transfers		(5,339)		(5,339)		(5,339)
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(5,314)	\$	(5,314)		(5,300)
NET POSITION, MAY 1					y -12111	47,398
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	42,098

WATER BOND RESERVE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		ginal dget		nal dget	A	tual
OPERATING REVENUES			Φ.		ф	
Water and sewer charges	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Water and sewer tap on fees		340		**		•
Water meter assessments collected	-		_			
Total operating revenues				-		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		₩ €		-		æ
Contractual services		⊕ 0))
Materials and supplies		•		S		
Other Expense		(*)		3. 		ž.
Capital Outlay		-				
Total operating expenses	Carry In				¥	2.
OPERATING INCOME	•					=
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income		50		50		63
Impact fees						=
Debt service						
Principal retirement		:=:		-		•
Interest and fiscal charges				-		-
Other income (expense)	•				-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	8	50	0]	50		63
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Transfers	(
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	50	\$	50		63
NET POSITION, MAY 1					1	66,818
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	66,881

SEWER BOND RESERVE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		ginal idget		nal dget		xctual
OPERATING REVENUES	•		•		\$	
Water and sewer charges	\$	2	\$	(*	Þ	≅ 5
Water and sewer tap on fees		20		-		5
Water meter assessments collected	((=1)				-	
Total operating revenues	-	*	-			<u> </u>
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		-				Ē
Contractual services		-		;€		-
Materials and supplies		-		-		*
Other Expense		-		:		*
Capital Outlay	0	-		45		
Total operating expenses	3 -101 - 3-					-
OPERATING INCOME			=0.0			-
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						0.40
Investment income		200		200		243
Impact fees		· 		Ħ		*
Debt service						
Principal retirement		**		-		•
Interest and fiscal charges		-		_		·=:
Other income (expense)			-		38-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		200		200		243
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Transfers			-			
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	200	\$	200		243
NET POSITION, MAY 1						290,566
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	290,809

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SEWER PLANT DEPRECIATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES			*		Φ	
Water and sewer charges	\$	1	\$	-	\$: = :
Water and sewer tap on fees		-		190 1		-
Water meter assessments collected					_	
Total operating revenues		-		-		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		달		100		:(0)
Contractual services		-		(4 6)		
Materials and supplies		-		(* :		3 -7 1
Other Expense		-		(); :		9.5
Capital Outlay	·			-		
Total operating expenses	,					
OPERATING INCOME				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income		150		150		179
Impact fees		*				8
Debt service						
Principal retirement		-				=
Interest and fiscal charges		-		•		=
Other income (expense)				J#		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	150		150	·	179
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Transfers		(22,563)		(22,563)		(22,563)
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(22,413)	\$	(22,413)		(22,384)
NET POSITION, MAY 1						228,716
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	206,332

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W&S INFRASTRUCTURE EXPANSION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES					٨	
Water and sewer charges	\$	Ē	\$	425	\$	-
Water and sewer tap on fees		•		-](+
Water meter assessments collected	****				-	
Total operating revenues				-		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		12		*		3.00
Contractual services		14		-		•
Materials and supplies		16		16		:•
Other Expense		-				11
Capital Outlay				**	-	
Total operating expenses		24		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
OPERATING INCOME				:#Y		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Unrealized Gain/Loss		-		(#E		5,215
Impact fees						S.
Debt service						
Principal retirement		(16,300)		(16,300)		•
Interest and fiscal charges		3#		. (€
Other income (expense)	-	28,000		28,000		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		11,700	<u>. </u>	11,700		5,215
OPERATING TRANSFERS						
Transfers		(63,760)		(63,760)		? ₩
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(52,060)	\$	(52,060)		5,215
NET POSITION, MAY 1						1,141,416
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	1,146,631

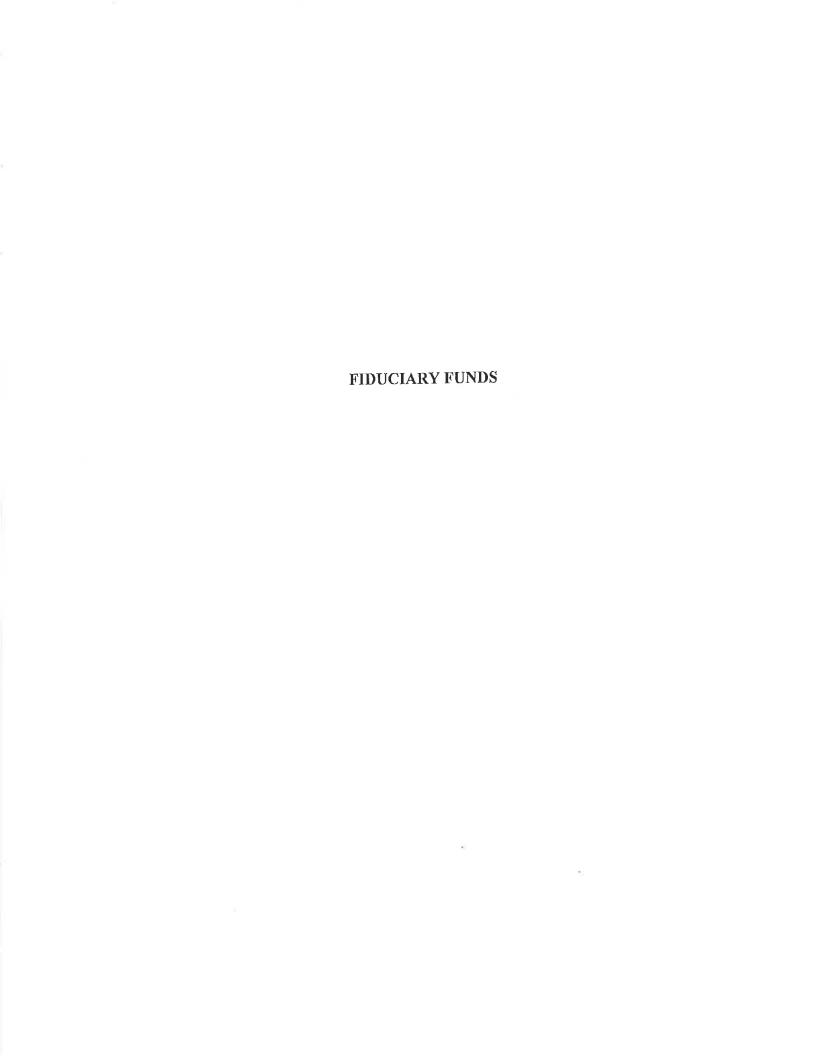
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GARBAGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
OPERATING REVENUES Garbage collection fees	\$ 415,000	\$ 415,000	\$ 418,805
Total operating revenues	415,000	415,000	418,805
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries Health insurance Collection and disposal	3,043 404	3,043 404	2,895 7,178
of garbage	428,870 5,000	428,870 5,000	403,748 3,952
Office supplies and postage Office equipment	3,000	3,000	3,732
Miscellaneous expense	4,000	4,000	2,544
Total operating expenses	444,317	444,317	420,317
OPERATING INCOME	(29,317)	(29,317)	(1,512)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income Other income (expense) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,000 2,050	2,050	111 1,029 1,140
OPERATING TRANSFERS Transfers		# 1	
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (27,317)	\$ (27,317)	(372)
NET POSITION, MAY 1			90,649
NET POSITION, APRIL 30			\$ 90,277



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COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

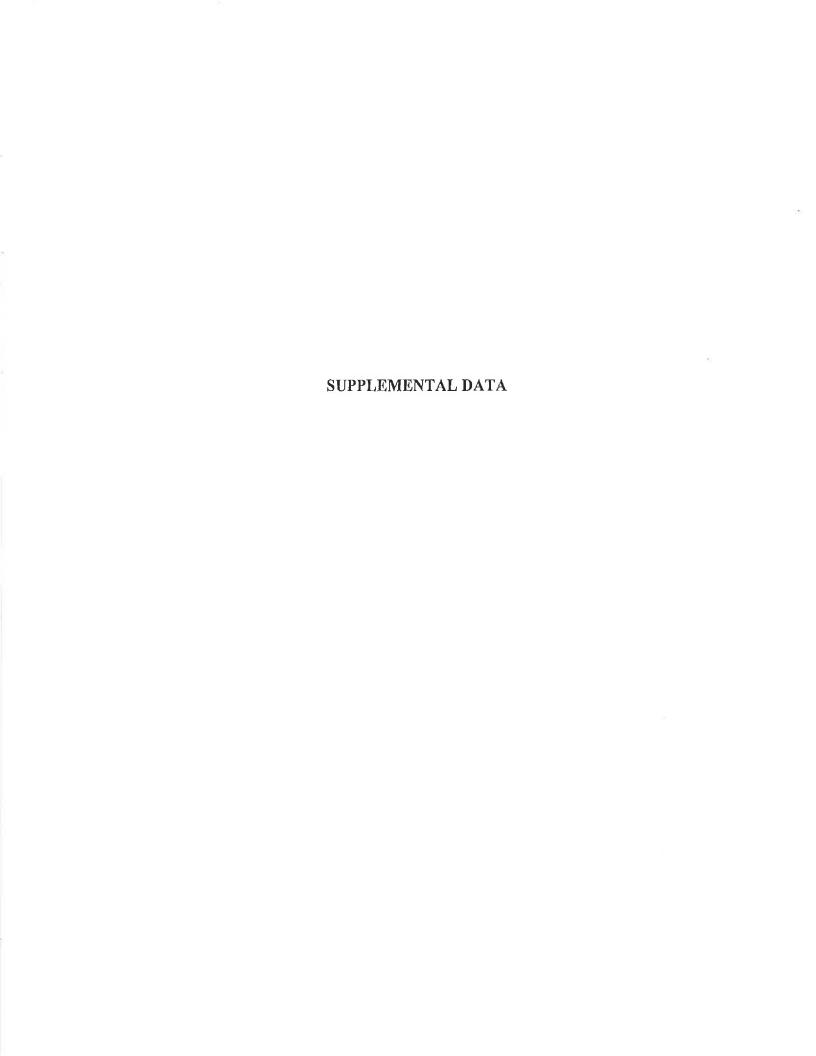
April 30, 2013

		Police Pension Fund		School Site Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Accrued Interest	\$	1,372,415 7,027	\$	8,459	\$ 1,380,874
Total Assets		1,379,442		8,459	1,387,901
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		10,080			10,080
Total Liabilties		10,080			10,080
NET POSITION					
Net position held in trust for pension benefits and school fund).	1,369,362		8,459	1,377,821
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	1,379,442	<u> </u>	8,459	1,387,901

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

April 30, 2013

	4	Police Pension Fund	Schoo Site Fund	[a	Total
Additions:						
Contributions:			di .		Φ	167 106
Employer contributions	\$	167,186	\$	•	\$	167,186
Employee contributions		56,823	4	407		56,823
School site dedication fees			4	,427		4,427
Investment Income		10.000		_		10 214
Interest Income		18,309		5		18,314
Realized and Unrealized Gains/Losses		28,589		-		28,589
Less: Investment Expense	AT	(4,068)				(4,068)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	***	266,839	4	,432	,	271,271
Deductions:						
Payments to local school districts				975		975
Pension Benefits		101,350		100		101,350
Administrative Expenses						
Actuary		1,400		-		1,400
Auditing		1,500		_		1,500
Accounting and Bookkeeping		6,823		-		6,823
Medical Services		9,680		-		9,680
Legal		3,759		-		3,759
Employee Refunds				2		-
Conference/Seminar Fees		4,088		2		4,088
Association Dues		775		₹"		775
Compliance Fee		222		-		222
Miscellaneous		129		-		129
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		129,726		975		130,701
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		137,113	3,	457		140,570
NET POSITION - MAY 1, 2012		1,232,249	5	002		1,237,251
NET POSITION - APRIL 30, 2013	\$	1,369,362	8	459		1,377,821



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DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2009

April 30, 2013

Date of Issue

June 1, 2009

Date of Maturity

December 1, 2024

Authorized Issue

\$6,000,000

Interest Rates

4.75-4.20%

Interest Dates

June and December

CURRENT AND FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal		Requirements			Interest	Due On	
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	June 1	Amount	Dec. 1	Amount
2014	345,000	219,225	564,225	2013	109,613	2013	109,613
2015	360,000	204,563	564,563	2014	102,281	2014	102,281
2016	375,000	189,263	564,263	2015	94,631	2015	94,631
2017	395,000	173,325	568,325	2016	86,663	2016	86,663
2018	410,000	156,538	566,538	2017	78,269	2017	78,269
2019	430,000	139,113	569,113	2018	69,556	2018	69,556
2020	445,000	119,763	564,763	2019	59,881	2019	59,881
2021	465,000	100,850	565,850	2020	50,425	2020	50,425
2022	480,000	83,180	563,180	2021	41,590	2021	41,590
2023	500,000	64,460	564,460	2022	32,230	2022	32,230
2024	520,000	44,210	564,210	2023	22,105	2023	22,105
2025	545,000	22,890	567,890	2024	11,445	2024	11,445
					× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×		
	\$ 5,270,000	\$1,517,378	\$ 6,787,378		\$ 758,689		\$ 758,689

VILLAGE OF COAL CITY, ILLINOIS

Property Tax Assessed Valuations, Rates, Extensions, and Collections April 30, 2013

									1
Tax Levy Year		20	2012			Š	2011		
Assessed Valuation	Grundy County 112,849,699	mdy County 112,849,699	Will C	Will County 4,692	Grundy 112,	Grundy County 112,845,007	Will County	1 County 15.336	
Tow Button Care	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	r
AX EXTENSIONS								T TOTAL T	4
Corporate	0.24987	\$ 266,920	0.2792	\$ 13	0.2460	169 777 621	0.000		
Bonds and interest	0.52130	556,871	0.5787	77	0.4031		0.2340	90	
LM.R.F.	0.07062	75,439	0.0881	î	16470	336,416	0.4690	72	
Police protection	0.07496	80 075	0.0073	t ¬	0.000	75,110	0.0633	10	
Parks	0.07496	80.075	0.0003	† ₁	0.0/38	83,291	0.0702	11	
Workman's Comp	0.05180	56 421	0.0323	d	0.0738	83,291	0.0702	11	
Social Security	0.09274	03,451	0.0491	2	0.0342	38,604	0.0326	5	
Totalishilt	0.08264	88,279	9660.0	5	0.0753	84,995	0.0717	11	
Lory liability insurance	0.05936	63,410	0.0561	£	0.0514	57,980	0.0489	7	
Police pension	0.19471	207,996	0.2057	10	0.1483	167 304	0.1410	Ċ	
Audit	0.01540	16,451	0.0145	F.	0.0146	16 441	0.0130	7	
Street lighting	0.05000	53,412	1.0767	50	0.0500	56 473	0.0500	1 6	
	1.44571	1,544,359	2.6323	\$ 123	1.3270	1,497,476	1.2648	194	ï
TIF		43.051							11
Road and Bridge		111.563		75		59,841			
Total Grundy		\$ 1.698,973		2		1		E	
Plus Will		198				1,044,094			
Total Extension		1,699,171				1,644,000			
Tax collections:						1,044,888			
year ended April 30, 2013		69				\$ 1,639,265			
Previous years		21				• 1			
		\$				\$ 1.639.265			
Percent collected	K. 14	0.0%							
						22.170			

Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation. Assessed valuation, rates and extended amounts of property taxes levied have been presented for each of the counties for which the District files a property tax levy.

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